The Bombay Gazette

No. 11,651 New Series — BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, APRIL 3, 1886.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES.

Vessels.	Tons.	H. P.	Captains.	FRIDAY 1886.
PESHAWUR	3200	500	I. H. Moule	9th April.
ASSAM	3068	560	W. J. Nankes	16th "
CLYDE	4124	500	E. M. Edmond	23rd "
MIRZAPORE	3987	500	R. Harvey	30th "
HYDASPES	3984	500	G. Scrivener	7th May.
GWALIOR	3733	560	P. Harris	14th "
THAMES	4101	500	W. A. Seaton	21st "
				TUESDAY.
MALWA	3999	500	G. W. Atkinson	25th "
ANCONA	3183	600	S. P. Cole	1st June.

The steamers marked L proceed direct to London via Malta; and those marked M via Marseilles. By the others, passengers for London change vessels at Suez. All London steamers call at Plymouth.

A steam-barge will leave the Apollo Bunder at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, ST AITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1886.
RAVENNA	3372	700	A. B. Daniell	16th April.
VERONA	3116	500	M. de Horne	30th "
ROSETTA	3502	700	G. W. Brady	14th May.
ROHILLA	3502	700	W. Sarratt	28th "

Return Tickets are now issued at greatly reduced rates to all ports, for particulars of which apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, March 13, 1886.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Regular Mail-steamers leave BOMBAY on the 1st of each month at noon, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, NAPLES, GENOA, and MARSEILLES, starting from GENOA on the 15th of every month for BOMBAY.

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 300, Rs. 260, Rs. 150, for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine. Infants are allowed free. Children over three and under ten years, half fare. Families will be allowed liberal discount. To Marseilles Rs. 20, 10, and 5 extra, for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

A discount of 25, 20, and 10 per cent. is allowed Passengers returning within three, six, and twelve months respectively, from the date of LANDING.

The following or other First Class Steamers will sail from Bombay:—

	Tons.	H.P.	
MANILLA	5000	550	1st May 1886
DOMENICO BALDUINO (late China)	3,000	350	1st June 1886

Steam Launch leaves Apollo Bunder between 10 and 11 a.m. on the day of sailing, with Passengers and heavy Baggage.

Through Railway Tickets available for 17 days to London via Calais or Brighton, both from Genoa and Naples, are issued here.

For Handbooks of information and other particulars apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, April 1, 1886.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

FORTNIGHTLY LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN BOMBAY, BRINDISI, AND TRIESTE, VIA CANAL.

Steamers.	Captains	Tons.	H. P.	To sail 1886.
ELEKTRA	G. Ragusin	4,200	600	3rd April.
PANDORA	G. Mettel	3,500	550	16th "
POSEIDON (New)	G. Doncich	4,600	650	3rd May.
BERENICE	G. B. Verona	3,500	550	16th "
AMPHITRITE	B. Gelcich	4,600	650	3rd June.
VORWAERTS	P. Andrianich	3,800	500	16th "
TITANIA	G. Mahorcich	4,200	600	3rd July.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 120

RETURN TICKETS are now issued available for SIX MONTHS at the following rates:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480

Above rates include Wines supplied at meals.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 5th, and BRINDISI on the 7th, of each month.

The Company's steam launch will be in attendance at the Apollo-bunder on the day of sailing to convey passengers and their luggage to the steamer, free of charge.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail 1886.
TITANIA	G. Mahorcich	4,200	600	2nd May

EXTRA STEAMERS TO TRIESTE *VIA* ADEN, SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail 1886.
THISBE	C. Beehtinger	3,800	450	24th April.
MELPOMENE	M. Garopolich	4,000	460	8th May.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

To TRIESTE ..... Rs. 400
" SUEZ ..... " 300 } wines extra.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI,
Agent.

Sassoon Houses, 50, Church-gate-street.
Bombay, 31st March 1886.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS
BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL CALLING AT MALTA.

	Capt.	Tons.	H.-P.	On or about
S.S. MERTON HALL	Barnes	4,100	do.	25th May.
S.S. BYDAL HALL	Buck	3,700	400	3rd June.

Passengers booked Overland to LONDON via MALTA and NAPLES.

Each steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess.

For further particulars apply to

EDWARD BATES & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 4th March, 1886.

BOMBAY TO LONDON DIRECT.

THE Splendid steam-ship AUSTRALASIAN, 3,700 tons, Captain SIMPSON, will sail for LONDON from BOMBAY direct, about 5th April, and passages can now be secured at moderate rates.

The steamer is now in the Prince's Dock, and can be seen at any time. It is expected that the voyage Home will be made in twenty-four days, including all detentions. The steamer is also furnished with an Ice-house and cow.

The steamer is now in the Prince's Dock and can be seen at any time.

A Surgeon and stewardess carried.

Comfortable accommodation for a few intermediate passengers.

For further particulars apply to

FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay.

24th March 1886.

CLAN LINE OF STEAMERS.

THE following sailing has been arranged:—

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

Steamer.	Tons.	Comdr.	About 1886
CLAN SINCLAIR	3,000	C. E. Darley.	22nd April

To be followed by other first-class Steamers at regular intervals.

This Steamer has excellent accommodation for first-class passengers. The saloon and state room are on the upper deck, and are fitted with every requisite for comfort. Separate Smoking and Music rooms. This steamer carries a properly qualified Surgeon and Stewardess.

The rates of passage money include Steward's fees, bedding, linen, and all Cabin furniture; but do not include Wines and Spirits, which can be purchased on board at moderate rates.

For information as to rates of passage, &c., apply to

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 23rd March, 1886.

CITY LINE OF STEAMERS.

THESE splendid first class Iron Steamships built on the Clyde expressly for the Indian service under special survey above the highest class at Lloyds will be despatched as follows:—

CITY OF EDINBURGH ... London or Liverpool, 27th April.
CITY OF CARTHAGE ... Do. do. 25th May.

Surgeon and stewardess carried. Two Saloons with Cabins. Baths furnish a moderate comfort for this class passengers. No others taken. Crew entirely European.

Apply to SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Agents.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE AND KATTYWAR COAST.

S.S. "BURMAH," 1,081 tons, on FRIDAY, 9th April, 1886, at noon, calling at Veraval, Mangarole, Porebunder, and Cutch Mandvie, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S.S. "SATARA," 1,801 tons, on MONDAY, 5th April on arrival of outward English Mail, calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Shatzier, Fao, and Bussrah, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S.S. "ARCOT," 1,782 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 7th April, at 5 p.m., calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 2nd April, 1886. Agents.

BOMBAY RACES.

CHRONOGRAPH WATCHES.

In Stout Sterling Silver Case ..... Rs. 70
Do. in 18-carat Gold ..... " 175

CHRONOGRAPH WATCHES.

HIGHEST CLASS OF WORKMANSHIP PROCURABLE.

In Stout Crystal-faced Case ..... Rs. 350
Do. in Hunting Case ..... " 375

FAVRE, LEUBA & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MARMALADE,
CAIRN'S HOME-MADE.

Very delicious flavour.
1 lb. tins, 9as., Cash.

TREACHER & CO., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

CALIFORNIAN FRUITS.

Apples	per tin Rs. 0 9	White Cherries, Strawberries	per tin.
Apricots, Greengages, Raspberries	" 1 0	Peaches, Pears, Plums	Rs. 1 2
Grapes			
Pine Apple	per tin Rs. 1 4		

TREACHER AND CO., Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

SPARKLING ÆRATED WATER.

The most pleasant and agreeable is EFFERVESCING CITRATE OF POTASH WATER.

MAY be taken at all times instead of Soda Water; with Whiskey, Brandy, Sherry, &c., it forms a most agreeable beverage, and it has, moreover, the special advantage of counteracting to a considerable extent the injurious effects of Alcoholic Stimulants.

It is strongly recommended by the Faculty for cases of Fever, Prickly Heat, Gout and Rheumatism and Urinary affections.

Price Re. 1-8 per dozen.
Prepared only by
TREACHER AND CO., Limited,
AT THEIR LABORATORY, BYCULLA.

FOR SALE, IN STOCK, HORIZONTLA ENGINE fitted with Tangyes Patent Governor and Expansion Valves and Pumps, from 3 to 100 N. H. P., Lathes, Pumps, Steam Hammer, Centrifugal Pumps, Rolled Shafting, Pullies, Drums 4, 5, and 6 feet dia., Boring Machine, Boilers, Donkey Pumps, Anvils Swage Blocks, and all classes of Cotton Spinning Machinery, Reeds and Healds, Roller Washers and Scavenger Cloths, Reald Yarn, Spindle Band, Bundling Band, and all classes of Mill-Stores.

T. SUGDEN, 45, New Foras-road, Byculla.

AT a COMMITTEE MEETING of the Cheltonian Society held on the 15th December, 1885, the following resolutions were proposed and carried:—

"That steps be taken to collect subscriptions for the purpose of erecting a suitable memorial to the worth of the late Rev. T. A. Southwood and of his great services to Cheltenham College."

"That if a sufficient sum can be obtained it is desirable that such memorial shall take the form of a library attached to Cheltenham College, to be called the Southwood Library."

"For this it is estimated that a sum of £1,000 will probably be required."

The undersigned has been requested to make the above proposals known and to write and receive subscriptions from old Cheltonians in India. Arrangements have been made whereby subscriptions will be received in Calcutta by Messrs. Grindlay and Co., in Bombay by Messrs. Grindlay, Groom and Co., and in Madras by Messrs. Binny and Co.

Those who may be willing to contribute are requested to send their subscriptions to one or other of the firms above-named, and a list of the subscriptions will be published in due course.

F. BRANDT,
High Court, Madras, 26th February, 1886.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. ELLAPA BALLARAM of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitant, has contracted to SELL the undermentioned property:—

All persons having claims against the said property by way of gift, mortgage, lien, lease, balance or otherwise are hereby required to make the same known to the undersigned at his office, at No. 2, Bell Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 8 days from the date hereof; in default the said purchase will be completed without reference to such claims.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Foras land or ground situate within the Registration sub-district of Bombay, between New Foras Road and New Arthur Road, containing by admeasurement 11,156 square yards or thereabouts, and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Nos. 295, 30 and 531, and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the east partly by the Foras Tank and partly by the ground of Michael de Leona Souza, on or towards the west by the public passage, on or towards the north by the ground awarded to the estate of Laudro Francisco de Souza, and on or towards the south by the ground of Pranjeewandass Anoopdass, and which premises form part of a larger piece of land or ground denoted by No. 414 in the Foras Land Commissioner's map, and which premises were formerly occupied by Antonio Francisco de Souza.—Dated this 30th Day of March 1886.

JEMSETJEE CURSETJEE CAMA,
Attorney for the Purchaser.

LIST of ESTATES to which LETTERS of ADMINISTRATION have been granted to the Administrator-General, and of Estates which have come under his charge.

PAUL FISHER, late of Bombay, European Watchmaker.
W. E. BATEMAN, late Head Clerk, Stores Department, Indus Valley State Railway.
ANDERSON, late Engine Driver, Sind Pishin State Railway.
N. PALMER, late Deputy Telegraph Master, Rindli.
E. J. O. NICKSON, late of Sibi.
WILLIAM ADAMS, late Deputy Registrar, High Court, Bombay.
J. H. MOGOVERN, late Guard, Indus Valley State Railway.
HENRY LONG WILLIAM PHILLIPS, late a Captain in Her Majesty's 13th Regiment of Foot.
MUSHERJEE GOOLAM MOHIDEEN, of Cashmere, and lately carrying on business as a Merchant at Calcutta.
THOMAS ESSON, late of the Port Engineer's Office, at Manora.
JOHN FRYER, Chapman, late Colonel Commanding Her Majesty's 7th Dragoon Guards.
FERN SIMPSON GHEE, late in the employ of Messrs. Wilkinson, Heywood, and Clark, Bombay.
DOCTOR PASCOAL MANOEL DA SILVA, late of Bhownagar.
HENRY HILL, late Locomotive Foreman, Sind Pishin State Railway.
CLARENCE HOVILL IZON, C. S., late District Judge, Ratnagiri.
CHARLES WILLIAM HINDE, late a Lieutenant in Her Majesty's 1st Regiment, Bombay Grenadiers.

All persons having claims against, being indebted to, or holding property belonging to the aforesaid estates, are hereby requested to state their claims, pay their debts, and hand over such property to the undersigned forthwith. All claims must be sent to the undersigned at his office within one month from the date of this advertisement. At the expiration of the said period the assets of the estates will be distributed, and claims received after that period will not be recognised.

L. RIVETT CARNAC,
Administrator-General.
Admtr. Genl's Office, High Court, Bombay, 16th March 1886.

REDUCTION IN PRICE.

INDIAN CIGARS,

PREPARED at TRICHINOPOLY, MADRAS PRESIDENCY, expressly for TREACHER & Co., Limited, from finest selected and thoroughly matured Tobacco, and acknowledged to be the cheapest and best Smokes procurable.

		Cash Prices.
TREACHER'S NOBLES Cheroots, without Straw	per Box of 100	Rs. 1 12
TREACHER'S DAWSON'S Cheroots, with Straw	" 100	" 1 12
TREACHER'S THOMSON'S Cheroots, with Straw	" 100	" 1 14
TREACHER'S HAVANNAH, Cigar Shape	" 100	" 2 0
TREACHER'S GEM MUSTER, Cigar Shape	" 100	" 1 14
TREACHER'S DINDIGUL Cheroots, with Straw	" 100	" 2 4
TREACHER'S MUSTER, Barrel Shape	" 100	" 2 2
TREACHER'S CLUB MUSTER, Cigar Shape	" 100	" 3 0

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

CHAMPAGNE.

WE keep in our Godowns shipments from the undermentioned Houses:—

	Net Cash.
*POMMERY and GRENO— Extra Sec	per case Rs. 6 0
*WACHTER & Co.— "Royal Charter," Extra Dry	" " 58 4
PERINET and FILS— Cuvée Réservée, Extra Sec	" " 56 8
HEIDSIECK & Co.— Dry Monopole	" " 60 0
*"RESERVEE CUVEE"— Extra Dry, our own shipping	" " 53 8
MOET and CHANDON— Brut Impérial, very dry	" " 54 0
Extra Superior	" " 52 0
White dry Sparkling Sillery	" " 48 0
FINEST EXTRA DRY— For Invalids, per hamper of 24 half-pints	" " 34 8
*JEAN SIBADEY— Carte Blanche	" " 34 8
*SAUMUR— Finest Sparkling, our own shipping	" " 26 12

Brands marked thus (*) in cases of 2 doz. pints at Rs. 3 per case extra.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.,
BOMBAY,
BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE VICEROY.

KANGRA VALLEY TEAS.
THE "HOLTA" TEA COMPANY'S PRIZE TEAS.

HOLTA BROKEN LEAF—cheap family tea, nice flavour	per lb.	Rs. 0	10	PEKOE—fragrant, strong cup, rich liquor, of good value as the price	per lb. Rs. 1 8
PLANTATION MIXTURE—yields a fair strong liquor with good flavour, a very popular tea	"	0	14	ORANGE PEKOE, very fragrant, bright infusion, full rich cup	" 1 12
FAMILY MIXTURE—brisk flavour, good strength and pungency, can be strongly recommended for family use	"	1	3	FLOWERY ORANGE PEKOE—a high class tea of choice fragrance and clear infusion	" 2 8
HOLTA MIXTURE—fragrant, pungent, and full cup	"	1	8	GOLDEN ORANGE PEKOE—(The flower of Indian Teas) of exquisite aroma, amber-coloured infusion, choice cup	" 3 8
PEKOE SOUCHONG—a full flavoured tea, bright infusion	"	1	4		

SOLE AGENTS:

PHILLIPS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

FINE OLD SCOTCH WHISKY.

THOMSON and TAYLOR'S blend of FINE OLD CAMPBELTON AND ISLAY rank amongst the finest of Whiskies imported into this country. It is a rich, mellow and soft Spirit, genuine and wholesome. A trial is solicited from all who appreciate

A REALLY GOOD SOUND WHISKY PEG.

Shipments arrive regularly direct from Scotland, so that Clubs and Messes can be promptly supplied. Price per dozen, Rs. 23; per bottle, Rs. 2, cash.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
35, ESPLANADE-ROAD, BOMBAY.

SORABJEE AND JAMSETJEE KHAN,
JEWELLERS, GOLDSMITHS, ENGRAVERS, ETC.,
No. 6 ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE.

LADIES' Hoop Rings set with precious stones.
Single-diamond and Gipsy Rings.
Engagement, Keeper and Wedding Rings.
Diamond and Pearl Ear Studs.
Necklets and Crosses (plain and jewelled.)
Gold Albert Chains and Guards.
Charms for the watch-chain.
Gold Lockets, plain and jewelled.
Gold Lockets and Charms for the watch-chain.
Bracelets (plain and jewelled).
GENTLEMEN'S Diamond Gipsy Rings.
Single-diamond, Signet, and Band Rings.
Scarf Rings and Breast Pins (plain and Jewelled).
Gold Albert Chains.

Any Pattern of Chain or Necklet made to order in the best style.

INVALIDS' SHERRY.

THE great popularity that has attended the introduction into India of our INVALIDS' PORT has led us to confer with Medical authorities in the selection of a suitable Spanish Wine possessing tonic properties beneficial to Invalids. We have selected a remarkably good Wine which we designate "IMPERIAL SHERRY," because of the exalted favour it receives. We confidently recommend it to dyspeptics, feeling sure that when they taste the Wine they will not be disappointed. We have specially labelled and otherwise protected this Sherry. We ship it in plain white square bottles.

The price is Rs. 30 per case of 1 Dozen, subject to discount for Cash.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.,
BOMBAY,
BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE VICEROY.

MARCKS & COMPANY, Ld.,
WATCH MANUFACTURERS, &c.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

A GOOD WATCH is one of the most remarkable productions of human skill and patience.

WATCH MANUFACTURING being the original branch of our business, in which we have had considerable experience, enables us to render our assistance in aiding our constituents, skilfully to elect the description of a Time-keeper, best adapted to their respective requirements.

Watches are manufactured, and we could sell them in Bombay for 7 or 8 Rupees each, but we prefer to confine ourselves to a thoroughly reliable and honest article, worth the money one spends.

It is always our rule to recommend a purchaser to give the best price he can afford for a watch, if he needs a durable and reliable time-keeper. Mofussil purchasers, on informing us the amount they desire to invest, may rest assured that their orders will receive the same care and attention as if they were themselves present.

From the immense variety of our Watches always kept in stock, we particularly recommend the following:—

MARCKS & CO.'S Silver hunting & plate lever Watch, with compensation balance wheel	Rs. 80
The same Watch in Crystal faced case	" 90
MARCKS & CO.'S Celebrated Campaign Watch of the highest Class	" 35
Do. do. do. Second quality	" 25
Gentlemen's Gold hunting Keyless Watch with Compensation balance wheel	" 250
Do. do. do. Second quality	" 150
Ladies' Gold hunting Watch of high finish	" 120
Do. do. in Crystal faced Case	" 95

Illustrated Catalogue shewing prices of Cheaper Watches free on application.

WATCH REPAIR DEPARTMENT.—Is under the immediate supervision of our Mr. Marcks and our staff includes several old and experienced workmen, enabling us to guarantee the most careful treatment and skilful repair of Clock Watches, Minute and other Repeaters, Chronographs, Calendar Watches, Bird Boxes, etc., etc. Ships' Chronometers carefully adjusted and repaired.

MARCKS & CO., LIMITED,
BOMBAY, OPPOSITE THE CLOCK TOWER.

SHOW-ROOM.
No. 42, MEADOW-STREET,
NEXT TO OLD *BOMBAY GAZETTE* OFFICE.

L. HARTMANN & CO.,
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, AMSTERDAM,
MANUFACTURERS OF MIRRORS.

A LARGE AND VARIED ASSORTMENT
OF
HANDSOME AND ELEGANT MIRRORS
OF ALL
SIZES AND SHAPES
IN
ARTISTICALLY DESIGNED FRAMES
SUITABLE FOR
DRAWING, DINING AND DRESSING ROOMS,
HOTELS AND CLUBS,
PALACES OF NATIVE RAJAS AND CHIEFS
AND
RESIDENCES OF THE NOBILITY AND GENTRY
OF INDIA.

Rare opportunity for making good bargains as this is the Manufacturers' own Agency.

We are prepared to take orders at our own risk of breakage.

CUTLER, PALMER AND CO.'
BOMBAY.
ALSO OF LONDON, CALCUTTA, BORDEAUX, MADRAS, LAHORE, KARACHI.
BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT
TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE VICEROY.

	Credit. Per case. 1 doz. pts. Rs. a.	2 doz. pts. Rs. a.
LIQUEURS, &c.		
Curaçao, Amsterdam, Orange and White	54 0	56 0
Chartreuse, green, per bottle	8 0	
Do. yellow "	6 12	
Benedictine from the Monastery	65 0	68 0
Maraschino de Zara, best	56 0	
Kümmell, finest Riga	39 8	
Cherry Brandy, best Copenhagen	42 0	44 0
Orange Bitters, best	22 0	
Vermouth	21 0	
Assorted Liqueurs, choice, per doz. pts.		29 8
Lime-Juice Cordial	14 0	
BEER.		
Bass's Champagne Ale, "The Bull Dog" Bottling	6 0	4 2
Guinness's Extra Stout, "The Bull Dog" Bottling	6 0	4 2
Aitchison and Co.'s Light Brilliant Ale, "Chariot" brand	5 12	4 2
Geo. Younger and Son's India Pale Ale, "Revolver" brand	5 12	4 2
German Pilsener Beer	5 8	4 0
CIDER, ETC.		
Champagne Cider	7 0	4 4
Norfolk "Dry, sparkling Cider"	7 0	
Minerva Mineral Water	4 4	2 8
Ross's Royal Belfast Ginger Ale	5 0	

COGNAC IN JARS.	Credit. Per Gallon without Jar. Rs. a.
Cognac * * * * Very superior Old Pale	16 0
" * * * Superior Old Pale	14 0
" * * Fine Old, very soft	12 0
" * Capital Peg	11 0

WHISKY IN JARS.

Irish and Scotch, A 1 quality, our own shipping ... 9 8

The Jars can be returned for refilling. We keep stocks of Cognacs and Whiskies in Wood. An allowance for the Jar will be made deducting all outlay for carriage to Godown.

Empty Jars for do.	1 gal.	Rs. 2 0	each.
Do. do. do.	2 "	" 3 0	"
Do. do. do.	4 "	" 4 0	"

Wood Taps, Rs. 1-8 each. Plated Taps, Rs. 4 each.

SHERRY IN WOOD AND JARS.

	Per Jar.	Credit. 4 Gls. Octve	13½ Gals. Qtr. Cask.	27 Gals. Hhd.
		Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
MANZANILLA	42 0	130 0	248 0	485 0

CLARET IN WOOD.

	Hhd. 48 Gals. Rs. a.
St. Estephe	240 0
Medoc	190 0

Of these we keep Stocks from October to March only.

THE ABOVE PRICES ARE SUBJECT TO DISCOUNT FOR CASH.
TRADE AND MESS ALLOWANCES ON APPLICATION.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

FAREWELL TO BOMBAY.

LAST APPEARANCE OF THE NORVILLES.

GAIETY COMPANY,

THIS SEASON,

TO-NIGHT, SATURDAY, 3RD APRIL, 1886,

for the joint benefit of

Miss LAURA VERNON,

Messrs. J. & DEVON, D. C. SMITH,

C. YANE, & V. R. MARCAR.

COME AND SEE

EUROPEAN LADIES AND GENTLEMEN

performing on the stage with

COMPLETE AND CORRECT PARSEE COSTUMES.

THE HIGHLY POPULAR,

ABSURDLY RIDICULOUS!

EXQUISITELY MUSICAL!

ANGLO-PARSEE COMIC OPERA,

IN THREE ACTS BY HENRY PONTET, ENTITLED

MELITA,

OR THE

PARSEE'S DAUGHTER.

MELITA..... MISS EMMA MARKHAM.

WITH ENTIRELY NEW AND CORRECT COSTUMES OF THE ORTHODOX AND MODERN STYLE, COMPLETE WITH JEWELLERY AND EVERY REQUISITE FOR REALISTIC DELINEATION.

Seats secured at SOUNDY & Co., Ld.

CHUBB'S NEW PATENT SAFES

MORE SECURE AGAINST

FIRE AND THIEVES.

No 42.....	33 by 29 by 23	Double safe	Rs.	525 0
No 31.....	38 by 26 by 23	2 drawers	"	480 0
No 27.....	34 by 25 by 23	1 drawer	"	397 8
No 20.....	31 by 24 by 22	2 drawers	"	356 4
No 10.....	26 by 20 by 20	1 drawer	"	251 4
No 6	24 by 18 by 18	1 drawer	"	213 12
No 3	22 by 17 by 16	1 drawer	"	183 12

Illustrated price list free by post.

CHUBB'S BOX AND LOCK MART,

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ESTABLISHED 1847.

ELGIN MILLS FLOOR CLOTH.

A LARGE stock of WOOLLEN and COTTON FLOOR CLOTHS in a variety of choice shades and designs, always on hand.

Apply to the AGENT, ELGIN MILLS COMPANY, CAWNPORE.

TENTS.

THE ELGIN MILLS COMPANY, having on hand a large stock of Tents of every description and size, are prepared to comply with orders at a few hours' notice.

Apply to AGENT, ELGIN MILLS COMPANY, CAWNPORE.

TO BE LET, from 1st May next, a furnished BUNGALOW, on "The Ridge," Malabar Hill, for about seven months. For rent and other particulars, apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
2, Hornby-row. House Agent.

TO LET, for about three months, a furnished BUNGALOW, on "The Ridge," Malabar Hill. For rent and other particulars apply to

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2, Hornby-row. House Agent.

TO LET, a furnished BUNGALOW on Malabar Hill, for eighteen months. For rent and other particulars, apply to

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2, Hornby-row. House Agent.

TO BE LET a furnished BUNGALOW, on Malabar Hill, for six weeks. For rent and other particulars, apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
2, Hornby-row. House Agent.

WANTED, from 1st June next, for about six months, a furnished or unfurnished BUNGALOW on Bandora Hill. Apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
2, Hornby-row. House Agent.

TO BE LET, from 1st May next, a very desirable SHOP at Byculla, at present occupied by Messrs. D. S. KEMP, and Co. Alterations will be made according to the incoming tenant's desire. For rent and other particulars apply to

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2, Hornby-row. House Agent.

ZEPHYR CLOTH.

A splendid assortment of Checks and Plain Colours 8 as., 9 as. per yard.

WATSON AND Co.,

ESPLANADE HOTEL, BOMBAY.

FILTERS, FILTERS,

OF ALL SHAPES AND SIZES,

CHEAVIN'S

COMPRESSED CHARCOAL.

PATENT CARBON BLOCK.

TIN CHARCOAL.

GLASS WITH CHARCOAL.

BOTTLE FILTERS.

POCKET FILTERS.

WATER COOJAS.

BOLTON & COMPANY,

ESPLANADE ROAD.

COB NUTS

Per lb. Rs. 0-10.

BOLTON & COMPANY,

ESPLANADE ROAD.

GAZOGENES! GAZOGENES!!

FOR PRODUCING AERATED WATERS.

Very simple, convenient, and durable, secured with nickle silvered wire or cane; complete with directions for use.

Manufactured upon the latest improved system.

3 pint size, Rs. 13 8.
5 pint size, " 18-0.

COOPER, MADON & CO., Limited,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

JUST RECEIVED.

COOPER, MADON AND CO., Ld.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL CHEMISTS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

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PRICE LISTS OF THEIR STOCK,

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Up-country orders carefully and promptly executed.

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MADON'S

CANTHARIDINE

HAIR OIL.

PARTICULARLY recommended for the growth of Hair; and as a reliable application when the Hair is falling off, and even causes it to grow on bald places.

Per Bottle, As. 12 and Re. 1-4.

COOPER, MADON & Co., Limited,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

BECK'S

LAXATIVE FRUIT LOZENGES.

(ENGLISH TAMAR)

The New and Popular Remedy for Constipation and its consequent disorders.

PALATABLE!

AGREEABLE!!

EFFICACIOUS!!!

Prepared only from Selected Fruits.

The Lozenges are coated with Chocolate, and will retain their virtues unimpaired by time or climate. Per bottle containing 12 doses, 12 annas; and Tin containing 36 doses, Re. 1-12.

COOPER, MADON AND CO., LIMITED,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ABELL, KLABER AND OLMAN'S CIRCUS.

TO-NIGHT.

SECOND CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.

SECOND CHANGE OF PROGRAME.

THOUSANDS OF HAPPY SMILING FACES were seen issuing from THE PAVILION, wending their way homewards, pleased and satisfied at their having witnessed the BEST CIRCUS EVER IN BOMBAY, ABSOLUTELY THE MOST UNIQUE PERFORMERS, THE FUNNIEST CLOWNS, THE MOST HIGHLY TRAINED HORSES, PONIES, DOGS AND MONKEYS, and THE MOST MARVELLOUS ENTERTAINMENT Ever assembled under one Pavilion at ONE PRICE OF ADMISSION.

Box Office at Circus Pavilion.

Admission:—Private Boxes to hold 4 Chairs, Rs. 16; 1st Grand Circle Chairs, Rs. 3; Family Circle Chairs, Rs. 2; Parquette, Re. 1; Gallery, 8 annas.

Soldiers in Uniform half price. Gallery excepted.

Doors open 8-30, Commence 9 o'clock.

THIS AFTERNOON, SATURDAY, GRAND MATINEE FOR SCHOOLS AND FAMILIES.

Doors open 3-30. Commence 4 o'clock.

Children half price.

Special arrangements for schools.

All account against the Circus to be presented at Box Office each Tuesday morning.

BUNGALOW, NO. 110, on Falkland Road, lately in the occupation of Mr. Furdoonjee Cooverjee Tarapurwalla, is now available. Applications from GOVERNMENT SERVANTS to occupy it are invited, and will be received by the Executive Engineer, Presidency, until the 15th instant. Rent, Rs. 35 per month.

Bombay, 2nd April, 1886.

NOTICE.

IT is hereby notified that the undersigned DID, on the 2nd instant, PAY to HER MAJESTY'S TREASURY in Bombay the sum of Rs. 14,600, being the 20ist. monthly instalment of the Vehar Water Works debt.

E. C. K. OLLIVANT,
Municipal Commissioner.

Municipal Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 2d April, 1886.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

At the MEETING of the CORPORATION called for the 5th instant, Shankar Nanabhai, Esquire, will propose and R. M. Sayani, Esquire, will second the election of Deputy Surgeon-General H. Cook as Chairman for the ensuing year.

H. WYNFORD BARROW,
Clerk, Municipal Corporation; & Secy., Town Council, Bombay, Municipal Offices, 2nd April, 1886.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under the scale.

MAHABLESHWUR READY-LAID DAK.—Framjee Ardaseer, Mail Contractor, appointed Dak Supplier in ordinary to H. E. the Governor of Bombay, has always on hand at Civil Lines, Poona, comfortable DAK PHAETONS and TONGAS. Terms moderate.

MRS. MARTIN, late of Poona, practical Dress-maker and Milliner, 310, Grant-road, Bombay. Ladies Dresses made up according to the prevailing modes.

SINGING AND PIANO taught by a Lady trained under the best French and Italian Masters. For terms apply to Messrs. Soundy and Co.. Rampart-row.

FOR SALE.—Grey Arab HORSE, Rs. 600. Property of Colonel MERRIMAN. Byculla Club.

ON VIEW.—At Crawford's Rooms, excellent ART FURNITURE, HARMONIUM, &c., to be sold without reserve on the 5th inst at 3-30 p.m.

ENGLISH WIDOW wishes to return with a lady to England. Reference from lady she brought out. Address A. Z., Cumballa Hotel.

FOR SALE, 6 horse-power PORTABLE ENGINE and 4 inch centrifugal pump, both in good order. Apply Machine Exchange Co., 27, Apollo Street, Fort.

TO-DAY, Chocolate, Vanila, Pineapple, and Strawberry; also Wines, Spirits, and Pastry of the best quality, at the VIENNA CONFECTIONERY, Church Gate Street.

PLUSH COMPANIONS in great variety, Plush, Handbags, Photo Albums, Photo Frames, Music Rolls, Fans, Laces, Frillings, Flowers, Feathers. Very cheap. —SHROFF BROTHERS.

IF you like to save your money in clothes, always go to the undersigned, where you will surely get good things for little money. Please try once.—Y. A. LACKA & Co., Hummum Street.

TO-DAY'S ICES, Pistachio and Raspberry Cream, Pine-apple Water Ice, Ham, Bacon, and Cheese, ans. 12 per lb.—MORENAS & Co., Wines, Spirits, and General Merchants, 15, Meadow-Street.

FOR SALE, a handsome Gray ARAB HORSE, 7 years old. Thoroughly broken to harness and sound; no vice. Price, Rs. 350. No reasonable offer will be refused. Apply "GORA," care of *Bombay Gazette*.

FOR SALE, 2 SPLENDID MASTIFFS, age 9 months, Dog and Bitch of the purest pedigree, brought out to India specially for breeding purpose. Price and Pedigree on application to ALPHA, *Gazette* Office.

ROPES FOR SALE.—HARTON'S OILED COIR and MANILLA. Apply OWEN & OKELL, Apollo-street.

MRS. COULSON, MILLINER and DRESS-MAKER, Horse Bunder, Ladies' Own Material made up. Charges moderate.

TO BE LET, a Splendid SHOP in Church-gate-street, Fort. Apply to M. H. MAJU, at the Tea Emporium.

BODGER, WARBURTON & Co., Wine and Spirit Importers, Military Square. Prices on application.

FOR SALE—SUPERIOR BEEHIVE BRANDY, landed Ex. s. s. "Pekin." WALTER NUTTER & Co., opposite the Custom House.

KIDD and SHADBOLT'S "SPADE BRAND" WHISKY, as used at the Clubs. Sole Importers, PHIPSON and Co.

GENTLEMEN'S ANGOLA SUITS, neat checks and plaids, Rs. 25. Guaranteed fit and workmanship. The CASH BAZAAR, Ld., Fort.

PHOTOGRAPHERS SENSITIZED PAPER in hermetically sealed tin cylinders of 1-3rd quire each Rs. 5 per tin. J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

NOTES on a VISIT to SOMNATH GIRNAR and other places in KATTYWAR. By J. BURGESS, M. R. A. S., F. R. G. S. Re. 1; postage, 1 anna.

EFGH WHISKY, the first shipment of this very superior old whisky has just arrived. Price Rs. 27 per dozen.—Apply EWART, LATHAM & Co.

VICTORIA and VICTORIA FAMILY HOTEL, No. 1 Esplanade, next to Gymkhana, and opposite to the Parade Ground. Nice, airy, comfortable rooms.

TO BE LET, ELPHINSTONE LODGE, Matheran. Comfortably furnished, immediate possession. Apply to J. DICKSON, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

IF you wish to have a real good time keeper fully worth the money you spend, go to KANNY & Co., Watchmakers, Goldsmiths, 9, Meadow-street, Bombay.

SUNSHADES.—A large and really choice assortment just to hand, latest productions, Rs. 7 8 to Rs. 25 each BADHAM, PILE & Co., Limited, Rampart-row, Bombay

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1886. Price, Rs. 5; with postage, Rs. 5-4. To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

HAIR CUTTING SALOON.—Francia and Fucile, No. 38, Meadow-street, Bombay. Every requisite for toilet from the best markets in Europe, Saloons elegantly fitted up.

HAVE a trial of diseases of horses as Farcy, Bursaby Lameness, &c., at Byculla Veterinary Stables, ite M. GOSLA, and also every kind of Shoeing done, opposite Kemp and Co.

MATHERAN.—The large and new-built well-furnished BUNGALOW, "Cragie Burn," is TO BE LET for the hot season, 1886. Apply to DADABHOY HORMUSJEE & Co., near *Times of India* Office.

ROLLED Iron Shafting, 3" to 6" diameter, with Butler's Rs. Patent Frictional Couplings, as exhibited by the Kirkstall Forge Co. at the Calcutta Exhibition.—For sale at Richardson & Cruddas' Metal Mart, Bombay.

MR. J. RODRIGUES CHICO, Civil Engineer, may be consulted in his Office, in Oak Lane, Fort, behind Macropolo, from 11 a.m. to 5 p.m., and at any other time in his house at Paydownee Road, Khadak.

THE MUIR MILLS Co., Ld., Cawnpore, have always on hand a well assorted stock of tents of superior style and finish. For illustrated catalogues, estimates, and other particulars, apply to The Managing Director.

SERIOUS REFLECTIONS and other CONTRIBUTIONS by the late GEORGE AHERIGH MACKAY under the *nom de plume*, OUR POLITICAL ORPHAN. Cloth bound, Rs. 2-8; postage, 4 annas.

A BOON to Travellers and Hindoos.—Aerated Water Bon-Bons, one Bon-Bon of Lemonade, Raspberry, Orange, Champagne, &c., &c., in a glass of water would make a delicious beverage. Very cheap. One Rupee for a box of dozen.—At STEWARD & Co.

THE well-known FITZGERALD HOTEL is RE-OPENED. Old premises has been remodelled, and a new building open on all sides has been added. Wines and table first-class.—NOWROJEE JAMSETJEE, Proprietor, Fitzgerald Hotel.

PICKLED SALMON, 8 annas per lb DRIED BEATS, 10 as. per tin. DIGBY CHICKS, 10 as. per lb.—PEARSE, Apollo-street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOW READY.

THE

INDIAN TRAVELLER'S GUIDE

FOR APRIL 1886,

CONTAINING ALL THE

SPECIAL TIME AND FARE TABLES

OF ALL THE

INDIAN RAILWAYS,

WITH

ABSTRACT OF RULES AND REGULATIONS

THE ROUTE ROUND THE WORLD,

THROUGH ROUTES AND FARES FROM BOMBAY TO PLACES IN INDIA AND ABROAD

POSTAL AND TELEGRAPHIC INFORMATIONS,

STEAM-BOATS AND DAK COMPANIES,

BULLOCK TRAINS AND TRANSIT COMPANIES

AND THE

ROUTES BETWEEN THE PRINCIPAL TOWNS OF NORTHERN, CENTRAL, SOUTHERN AND WESTERN INDIA,

WITH A NEW COLOURED MAP OF INDIA

Showing every Railway Station on the Indian Lines.

PRICE EIGHT ANNAS.

Postage Free.

Corrected up to the last day of going to press, and published on the 1st of every month at the BOMBAY GAZETTE Office.

☞ The GUIDE for April has been thoroughly revised and systematically arranged and considerably enlarged, and the attention of travellers is particularly directed to the table of through-routes and fares from Bombay to places in India and abroad, which shows at a glance how a tourist making Bombay his starting-point can spend his time to the best advantage. Short descriptive notices of all places of interest, the hill sanitaria, &c., are also given.

This Guide, having a large monthly circulation throughout India, forms a very good medium for advertisers. For Rates, &c., apply to the Manager, "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SALES BY AUCTION.

GREAT

STOCK-TAKING SALE

AT THE

HUMMUM-STREET, NO. 1,

OF

THE MAGNET GRAND BAZAAR,

THIS AND FOLLOWING DAYS.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO., No. 4, FORBES & MEADOW-STREETS.

SALE OF valuable remaining stock-in-trade of China Depository Shop at No. 30, Apollo-street.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 3rd instant, at 1-30 p.m., Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the above place by order of C. A. Turner, Esq., Official Assignee, H. C., and Assignee of the Estate and Effects of Bomjee Pestonjee Kharas (who carried on business under the name of Pestonjee Gowasjee Kharas), now an insolvent, the remaining stock-in-trade of his Chinese and Japanese curiosities, from lot No. 2821, consisting of carved ivory, sandalwood and tortoiseshell works, coral sets, painted glasses.

SHOP FURNITURE.—Show cases, cupboards, sets of tables, writing tables, blackwood and cane chairs, whatnots, clock, packing cases, copying press, treasury chest, &c.

BONA FIDE SALE of valuable and handsome household furniture, specially made to order and artistic in design, splendid Piano, excellent partition screen, Photographs, table ornaments and vases, best plated ware, handsome porcelainware and glassware, choice garden plants, tent, hall carpets, first-rate carriage and horses, &c., &c. The above articles, the property of E. C. K. OLLIVANT, Esq., C. S., will be sold by Public Auction by the undersigned at Diana Lodge, Malabar Hill, on THURSDAY, the 8th instant.

Catalogues will be published hereafter, and the property will be on view from SUNDAY, the 4th.

SALE of Materials of Buildings Nos. 79, 6 and 8, in Fort for removal

Under instructions from E. C. K. OLLIVANT, Esq., C.S., the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, the undersigned will sell by Public Auction at Hornby Row and Gunbow Lane, Fort, THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 3rd inst., at 4-30 p.m., the whole of the materials for removal of certain buildings bearing Nos. 79, 6 and 8 in Fort, purchased by the Municipality, owned by Mr. Eduljee Burjorjee Pudum and by Mr. Shapoorjee Sorabjee Setna.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, 3rd April, 1886.

HOUSES TO BE LET.

TO BE LET, from 1st May next, a very desirable FURNISHED BUNGALOW, in Marine Lines, facing the sea. For rent and other particulars, apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
2, Hornby-row. House Agent.

TO BE LET, from 1st May next, a desirable GROUNDFLOOR, in Byculla. For rent and other particulars, apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
2, Hornby-row. House Agent.

MATHERAN.

THE Undersigned is now prepared to negotiate for MATHERAN BUNGALOWS for the PRESENT HOT SEASON. Several Bungalows having been already Let, the intending Occupiers would do well in losing no time to secure the few good remaining houses. For further particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
2, Hornby Row. House Agent.
ALCOCK, ASHDOWN & Co., Ld.,

TO LET, with immediate possession, a very desirable furnished BUNGALOW, on Mount Pleasant Road, Malabar Hill, rent moderate. For further particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
2, Hornby Row. House Agent.

TO LET, the only remaining BUNGALOW at Khandalla with a drawing-room and three bed and bath-rooms and close verandah. Rent for the season, Rs. 500. For further particulars apply to

P. BYRAMJEE,
2, Hornby-row. House Agent.

NOTICES.

SWIFT & FARROW,

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AUDITORS, &c.

UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBT.

No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

A BOARDING ESTABLISHMENT for first-class people only will be OPENED from the 1st of February, 1886, at Fernwood, Coonoor, Nellgherries, where visitors will find all the comforts of an English home, as far as the country permits. For terms, &c., &c., address

THE PROPRIETRESS,
Fernwood, Coonoor, Nellgherries.

FOR SALE.

1—REVENUE ENHANCEMENTS.

BY

W. WEDDERBURN, BOM. C. S.

PRICE EIGHT ANNAS.

May be had at this office and at the book-sellers

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.

TENDERS for the PURCHASE of HER MAJESTY'S SCREW STEAMSHIP PHILOMEL will be received by the Naval Commander-in-Chief on board H. M. S. Bacchante up to noon of WEDNESDAY, 7th April, 1886.

The vessels will be sold with Engines, Boilers, Masts, Yards, Sails, Awnings and Spars, Anchors and Cables, and such Boats and other stores as may be on board as she now lies in Bombay Harbour.

Each Tender before being considered must be accompanied by a cheque on the Bombay Bank or other recognised mercantile banking firm equal to 25 per cent. of the amount offered, and the balance must be paid within 48 hours of acceptance of the tender and before delivery is taken.

The Tenders will be submitted to the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty for decision.

The Vessel will be at the risk and charge of the Purchaser from the date the acceptance of the Tender is communicated to him.

The following description of the vessel is believed to be correct, but any errors or misstatements shall not annul the sale, nor shall any compensation be allowed on that account.

Tonnage—Old measurement	854
Tonnage displacement	805
When Built	In the year 1867
Where Built	At Deptford
Length between perpendiculars	170 ft.
Breadth	29 ft.
Draught of water when deep	Forward 10 ft. Aft 10 ft. 6 in.
Engines	Horizontal double acting
Boilers	Two Rectangular Tubulars
Horse Power	Nominal 160 Indicated 800
Full speed on Trial Trip	Kts. 11.
Coal can stow in Bunkers	tons 103

The vessel will be open for inspection on applying for an order to the Naval Commander-in-Chief or the Director of Indian Marine on and after the 1st April, 1886.

F. W. RICHARDS,
Rear Admiral & Commander-in-Chief.

Bacchante at Bombay, 29th March, 1886.

NOTICES.

BOMBAY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, (Limited.)

CAPITAL Rs. 15,00,000.

INSURANCE against FIRE effected in any part of India on the most favourable terms. Special advantages offered to insurers in the Island of Bombay. Up-country agents wanted.

C. H. B. FORBES & CO.,
Secretaries and Managers, Bombay.

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FIRE ENGINES, Fire Escapes, Hoses, and appliances of all kinds for extinguishing Fires. Apply to

C. H. B. FORBES & CO.,
Agents, Bombay.

NEW DICTIONARIES for Civil and Military Officers and students of colleges, Persian and English, Royal 8 vo. sized, 668 pages, containing upwards of 36,000 classic and 4,000 modern Persian words. Price, Rs. 15. In reverse part English and Persian containing 22,000 English and 30,000 Persian words and idioms of frequent occurrence. Price, Rs. 10. "o be had from the compiler Maulur Fazil Aik Regimental Munshi of the 4th King's Own Regiment, main street, Camp Poona, and his brother Munshi Mohamed Baker, Secretary to Turkish Consul-General, Meadow-street, Fort, Bombay, on Cash payment or per V. P. P.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA.

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately-flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctor's bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article of the *Civil Service Gazette*.

Made simply with boiling water or milk.

Sold in ½-lb. Packets, by Grocers, labelled thus:—

JAMES EPPS & CO.,

HOMŒOPATHIC CHEMISTS,

LONDON.

ALSO MAKERS OF EPPS'S CHOCOLATE ESSENCES.

SHAIKADAM ESOOFBHOY AND COMPANY,

REMOVED TO 9, FORBES STREET, FORT

ALL kinds of MACHINERY for Cotton, Flour, Sugar, Paper and Oil Mills imported from Europe and a large and varied stock of ENGINES, BOILERS, LATHES, DRILLING MACHINES, CART-WEIGHING MACHINES, COTTON-GINS and OPENERS. ALWAYS KEPT ON HAND.

New ENGINES and BOILERS now in STOCK

Eight horizontal high-pressure Engines with expansion valves from 10 to 25 H.P.

Two Boilers, all steel, 22' and 24' by 5'-9" for 80 and 90 lbs. working pressure respectively.

One Lancashire Boiler, all steel, 26' by 6'-6" for 100 lbs. working pressure.

The following engines are very little used, being in perfectly good condition and nearly new.

One Beam Engine by Sir Wm. Fairbairn, diam. of cylinder 26" and stroke 5', complete with spur and pinion.

One horizontal Pumping-Engine, can be worked either as condensing or non-condensing, diam. of cylinder 20" and stroke 4.'

Other second-hand Engines and Boilers of various capacity and pressure also in stock.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

F. REDDAWAY & Co.'s

PATENT CAMEL-HAIR BELTING and EGYPTIAN COTTON-BELTING, both in stock, of different sizes. The Camel-hair Belting, especially for Main Driving, &c., in Cotton Mills and out-door use, is light, very strong, little stretch, fit for high speeds not influenced by heat or steam, will run in water. The Cotton Belting excellent for hot climates. CHEAP and STRONGER than Leather.

HIGHEST AWARD, SILVER MEDAL

CALCUTTA EXHIBITION, 1884.

Sales to date over 3,500,000 feet.

ALSO SOLE AGENTS FOR

THE UNITED ASBESTOS COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE STANLEY REECH PATENT ICE-MAKING AND REFRIGERATING MACHINES.

JOHN TULLIS'S LEATHER BELTING.

CUTTINGS IN the MARKET. Samples may be seen on applications

ART METAL WORK—Framed Mirrors for Flower Painting, Jardiniére's Tazza's Trays, &c. &c., a beautiful and well-selected, stock, on hand. SOUNDY & Co., Limited.

REPOUSSE POLISHED BRASS, Frames, Mirrors, Cups, Thermometers, mounted in Art Metal Work, Plush, Oak, &c.—SOUNDY & Co., Limited, Bombay.

ART METAL WORK, ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST of nearly 300 articles of domestic and decorative Art Metal Work, sent post-free for inspection. SOUNDY & Co., Limited, Bombay.

SYMPHONETT, a charming-toned little instrument, which can be played by everyone, even if unacquainted with Music, no effort or trouble required, plays dance music, &c., can be carried in the pocket, price with 15 feet of music Rs. 15 by V. P. P.—SOUNDY & Co., Limited, Bombay.

NE PLUS ULTRA ORGANINA, the loudest and most perfect instrument of the kind ever introduced, with 6 tunes complete. Rs. 28.—SOUNDY & Co., Ld., Bombay.

ACCORDEONS, Best make, highly ornamented 1 stop and bell Rs. 10, with 2 stops (celeste) and bell Rs. 12, with 2 stops and 2 bells (tremolo) Rs. 14, with 3 stops and bell (octave and celeste) Rs. 15.—SOUNDY & Co., Limited, Bombay.

BERLIN PHOTOGRAPHIC COMPANY, A large stock of PHOTOS by the permanent process. Copies from the most famous old and modern Painters, and the largest Photos. yet produced.—SOUNDY and Co., Ld., Bombay.

SYMPATHETIC PIANOS, with the Iron Frame, Bars, and Plate over Pin, plank cast in one solid piece, without any joint whatever. Can only be obtained from SOUNDY & Co., Ld., Bombay.

BANJOS with Peg-heads at Rs. 10, 12, 15 and 20 each. Banjos with Machine-heads, with brass hoops and with screw adjustment, the largest stock in India to select from.—SOUNDY & Co., Ld., Bombay.

TAMBOURINES.—A large variety always on hand at Rs. 2-8, 3, 4, 5 and upwards; also Nigger Bones and every requisite for Minstrel Bands. Detailed price-lists free by post.—SOUNDY & Co., Ld., Bombay.

PARKINSON AND FRODSHAM'S SPECIALITY WATCH, Keyless, in Silver Open-faced case, with Crystal Glass, Rs. 31-8; with seconds dial and engine-turned back, Rs. 36.—SOUNDY & Co., Ld., Bombay.

PIANO CANDLE-STICKS.—Richly electro-plated, new patterns, with glass shades complete. Rs. 14 and 16 per pair.—SOUNDY & Co., Ld., Bombay.

AQUARIUMS for gold fish. Clear glass with ebonized stand, 16 inches in diameter, Rs. 15; 18 inches, Rs. 20; 20 inches, Rs. 25; and 22 inches, Rs. 30 each.—SOUNDY & Co.' Ld., Bombay.

MUSIC PORTFOLIOS, with spring backs, patent and self-binding, arrangements and boxes from Re. 1 to Rs. 5 each. LEATHER MUSIC ROLLS, R. 2 each.—SOUNDY & Co., Limited, Bomba

PRESENTATION FLUTES, Cocoa-wood with 8 German silver keys on French pillars, tuning slide and cork joints, fitted in velvet-lined oak case, Rs. 40, or with 10 keys, Rs. 45.—SOUNDY & Co., Limited, Bombay.

MENIST'S BINOCULARS and FIELD-GLASSES, German Silver-mounted Achromatic Lens, Rs. 60; German Silver-mounted Achromatic Lens to draw large object glasses, Rs. 70. Field-glass, larger size, Rs. 80. Each in brown leather sling cases with strap.—SOUNDY & Co., Limited, Bombay.

SCHIEDMAYER PIANOS, the only genuine which obtained three prize medals at the Calcutta Exhibition, to be had at the sole agents for all India.—SOUNDY & Co., Ld., Bombay.

TWENTY-FIVE RUPEES per month for two years secures a beautiful toned iron frame Piano. Particulars on application to SOUNDY & Co., Ld., Bombay.

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NOTICES.

REFRESHMENT ROOMS, GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

THE AGENT will receive up to the 30th April next offers for the rental of the Refreshment Rooms at the Terminal Station.

G. A. BARNETT,
Agent.

Bombay Terminus, 23rd March 1886.

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COMMISSION AGENT,

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ADVANCES made on approved Personal Security at moderate interest, repayable by convenient instalments in connection with Policies in the Oriental Life Office.

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LARGELY used in England by some of the most eminent Trainers at Newmarket and by breeders of both Horses and Cattle. Recommended by many Veterinary Surgeons for all kinds of Horses, but especially for bad feeders; also by Colonel Herio Maitland C.B., who tried it in the late Soudan Campaign and highly approved of it.

Is essentially a "Food" and not a condiment.

"FOR HORSE IN REGULAR WORK."

Goode's Desiccated Food	per day. 5 lbs.	or	per day Goode's Desiccated Food	3½ lbs.
Hay	14 lbs.		Gram, Barley or Oats	5 lbs.
			Hay	14 lbs.

"FOR HORSE IN HARD OR FAST WORK."

Goode's Desiccated Food	8 lbs.	Goode's Desiccated Food	5 lbs.
Hay	10 lbs.	Gram, Barley or Oats	5 lbs.
		Hay	10 lbs.

ROGERS & Co., Agents.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

IS warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional, Gravel and Pains in the Back. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors.

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ESTABLISHED 1840.

SIMPSON & Co. respectfully invite the attention of their Constituents and the Public of Bombay to their large collection of Carriages finished and in progress at their extensive Show-rooms in Madras. S. and Co.'s great experience gives them a perfect knowledge of the requirements of the European and Native Communities. Their Carriages, built by the most skilful workmen, of the finest materials, the woodwork being entirely of the best seasoned Indian grown Timber, and under direct European Supervision, after lengthened trial in every part of India, have been proved to stand our varying climate infinitely better than European imported Carriages, while S. and Co.'s prices, taking into consideration cost of freight, charges, etc., will bear very favourable comparison with the latter. S. and Co. devote special attention to Light Carriages of every description, suitable for and within the power of a single Arab or Australian, and would mention their Miniature Broughams. S. and Co.'s improved Victoria Phaetons seated comfortably for four persons. Their registered Landaulette Broughams, the latter forming a complete open and close carriage. The change in this can be instantly effected by a Lady, even while the carriage is in motion. This also applies to their Landaus. The latest designs in miniature and full-sized Canoe and the now very fashionable Sociable Barouche. The new

CALENDAR—April, 1886.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

New Moon.....on April 1 h. 7h. 21 9m. p.m.
First Quarter.....,, 9th, 1h. 35 3m. a.m.
Full Moon.....,, 16th, 7h. 50.0m. a.m.
Last Quarter.....,, 23rd, 10h. 6 8m. a.m.

Days.	Engagements, &c.	Sun Rises.	Sun Sets.	High Water.	Low Water.
		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
Sat. 1	Opening of the Warangal Extension. Bicycle and Tricycle Paper Chase, Bandstand, 4-30 p.m. Society Theatre, 9 p.m. Exhibition of Water Colours by R. H. & C. I. R. V., Mechanics' Institute, Parel, 5 p.m.	5 54	6 13.10	56m 11	4 37m 5 41 s
Sun. 2	[illegible]	5 53	6 13	11 2m 11 33 s	4 3m 5 6 10 s
Mon. 3	Meeting of Creditors, Sarell Mill, 12 noon. Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m. English mail expected s.s. Mirzapore.	5 53	6 13	— 0 24 s	5 30m 6 41 s
Tu. 4	.....	5 52	6 13	0 4m 0 37 s	6 12m 6 47 s
Wed. 5	Town Council, 3 p.m.	5 51	6 14	0 35m 1 14 s	6 24m 6 58 s
Thu. 8	Southern India S. and W. Co., Meeting, 3 p.m. Masoon and Alliance, 24th Mthly. Meeting, 2 p.m.	5 50	6 14	1 9m 1 53 s	7 10m 7 33 s
Fri. 9	Departure of English mail per s.s. Peshawur, 6 p.m.	5 49	6 14	1 45m 2 36 s	7 49m 8 20s

* Published at 9 p.m. on Tuesday, 20th inst.

DIVINE SERVICES.

FOURTH SUNDAY IN LENT, APRIL 4.

SAINT THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion—Choral. Hymns 320, 854 & 326.
11 a.m.—Litany with plain Celebration and Sermon by the Rev. H. N. Midwinter.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon by the Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Bombay. Hymns 92 and 254.
Memoriæ causa—Mozart's Requiem—Quærest in F. Anthem.—"For us the Christ is made a victim."—Gounod.

Wednesday, April 7.

8-30 p.m.—Exposition of Events of Holy Week.

Thursday, April 8.

7-15 a.m.—Holy Communion and Meditation.

Friday, April 9.

8-30 p.m.—Mission Service.

Daily.—Matins at 6-45 a.m. and Evensong at 4-45 p.m.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH, MALABAR HILL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins and Holy Communion.
5-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH, COLABA.

7 a.m.—Matins and Sermon. Hymns 205, 238 and 255.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
5 p.m.—Sunday school.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon. Hymns 288, 252 and 230.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH, SONAPORE.

7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion with Sermon. Hymns 263, 107 and 318.
5 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon. Hymns 94, 183 and 268.
The offertories for Church expenses and poor relief.

CHRIST CHURCH, BYCULLA.

11 a.m.—Morning Service, Celebration of Holy Communion and Sermon. Hymns 263 and 182.
6 p.m.—Evening Service and Sermon. Hymns 259, 286, and 264.

FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND, ESPLANADE.

(Pastor—The Rev. John Forgan.)
11 a.m.—Morning Service.
6 p.m.—Evening Service.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, KAMATIPURA.

7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
5-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Service. Hymns 264, 259 and 370.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

11 a.m.—Morning Prayer, Sermon and Holy Communion. Hymns 206, 423 and 264.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon. Hymns 255, 143 and 278.

Wednesday, April 7.

8 p.m.—Short Service and address.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, MAZAGON.

6-30 a.m.—Holy Eucharist.
7-30 a.m.—Holy Eucharist (Choral) and Sermon.
10 a.m.—Matins.
5 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Alms for Church expenses.

WESLEYAN METHODIST MISSION HALL, PAREL ROAD, (NEAR THE RAILWAY BRIDGE, BYCULLA.)

9 a.m.—Class Meeting.
6 p.m.—Evening Service.
The public are invited.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

6 a.m.—Mechanics' Institution, R. B. & C. I. Ry., Parel.
11 a.m.—St. Andrew's Church, Fort.
Hymns 17 and 197.—"Lamb of God." John I. 29, and Hymn 220, 2nd Tune.

ST. NICHOLAS'S (SEAMEN'S) CHURCH, PRINCE'S DOCK.

11 a.m.—Matins and Holy Communion.
7 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

SERVICE will be held on board the Steam-ship California at the Prince's Dock on Sunday morning at eleven o'clock. Captains, officers, seamen, and others are cordially invited. The Bethel flag will be hoisted.

HARBOUR SERVICE.

SERVICE will be held in the Harbour on board the Steam-ship Inchgarvie, at 11 o'clock in the morning. Captains, officers, seamen, and others are cordially invited to attend. The Bethel flag will be hoisted. For friends purposing to attend the Service a launch will leave Apollo Bunder at 10-45 and Apollo Bunder at 10-55 a.m., precisely. All are cordially invited.

BOMBAY

TO-DAY.

Opening of the Warangal Extension.
Bicycle and Tricycle Paper Chase, Bandstand, 4-30 p.m.
Society Theatre, 9 p.m.
Exhibition of Water Colours by R. H. & C. I. R. V., Mechanics' Institute, Parel, 5 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday:—Aldborough, from Cardiff; Goalpara (s), Calcutta; Assyria (s), Bussrah; Diogo (s), Antwerp; and Peshawar (s), Managai.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Amphirite (s), for Hongkong; Kuplraies (s), K. Coast and Kurrachee; and Australia (s), Marseilles, &c.

SAINT THOMAS'S CATHEDRAL.—The Bishop of Bombay will preach in the Cathedral to-morrow evening.

THE S. P. C. K.—The name of Mr. Justic Bird wood was omitted from the list published yesterday of the Committee of the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s.s. Wingates entered and the s.s. Clan Gordon and Sam Weiler left the dock on Thursday; the s.s. Inclusive Restitution, Tehama, Drago and California entered, and the s.s. Fedele Primavesi left it yesterday.

LECTURE.—Rev. Fr. Alvares, editor of the *Times of Goa*, will deliver, to-day, at 7 p. m., a lecture in Portuguese on the *Future of Portuguese India* in the hall of the Anglo-Portuguese School at Cavel. The lecture is open to the public.

FOUND.—Two currency notes for Rs. 10 each were found in Bazaar Gate Street, Fort, by a boy named Mahadoo Jitoo, on Thursday, who made it over to the police. The same has been forwarded to the office of the Commissioner of Police, Byculla.

ARRIVAL OF A NATIVE CHIEF.—Kissoorting Gomersing, a Jagirdar of Marwar, accompanied by twenty-three followers, arrived here on Thursday, and has taken up his residence in a bungalow at the Old Byculla Race Course.

LOST PROPERTY.—Dhoola Dulla, a Marwaree living at Tank Bunder, reported on Thursday that he dropped a small bundle somewhere between Mandavie the Market and Mombadevie containing gold and silver ornaments valued at Rs. 77.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A coroner's inquest was held yesterday at the morgue, Commateepoora on the body of Rama Tookaram, a labourer, aged 30 years. On Thursday afternoon whilst engaged in removing red-earth from the foot of Worlee Hill, a large quantity of earth and stone suddenly gave way and killed him on the spot. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

DROWNED.—A coroner's in quest was held yesterday at Withulwady on the body of Lodoo woman, aged 18 years. Deceased was the eldest a shoemaker. On Thursday she went to a well near by her husband's stable to draw water and accidentally fell into it. The deceased on being missed by her husband, and also the bucket and rope, the well was dragged and her dead body recovered. A verdict of accidental death by drowning was recorded.

PICK-POCKETS.—Mahadoo Succaram a noted character, was yesterday convicted by Mr. Dombhoy Framjee of pocket-picking purse containing money and a pair of spectacles, valued at Rs. 1-10-3, the property of Sawaree Aweling, a Coolly-driver. On Tuesday evening at the Victoria Gardens the accused was arrested by a policeman doing duty at the Gardens while in the act of removing the purse from complainant's pocket. Pleading guilty to the charge, and admitting a previous conviction for a similar offence, His Worship sentenced him to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

NEW HOTEL IN KARACHI.—There have been numerous complaints regarding the scarcity of hotel accommodation in Karachi. Our readers will therefore be glad to hear that this will soon be remedied, as Mr. Yoosuf Abdulah, of that place, has already opened a new hotel, called the "Great North Western," and it is now possible to enjoy a few days' rest after the fatigue of a long and wearisome journey, as what some people call "one of the healthiest stations in India."

MUSIC AT THE MECHANICS' INSTITUTE, PAREL.—The following programme of music will be played by the band of the B. B. and C. I. R. Volunteers at the Mechanics' Institute, Parel, this evening, at 8 o'clock :—

Wolkslied	An der Weige ..... Lange.
Lancers	Bilgravia ..... R Smith.
Overture	Tancredi ..... Rossini.
Valse	Venetia ..... Winterbottom.
Selection	Madame L'Archiduch ..... Offenbach.
Galop	Joyeux Joyful ..... Faust.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

BABU PRATAP CHANDRA MUZUMDAR.—After a lapse of six or seven years Babu Pratap Chandra Muzumdar, a learned and devout Bengali gentleman, has visited this city. He is a prominent leader of the Brahmo Samaj, though a small faction of his church has refused to recognise him as such. The Babu has only very recently travelled round the world. He is now travelling on a missionary tour in India, and his stay among us will be a very short one. This evening the Babu will make a public statement of his views in the Framji Cowasji Institute on the burning question of the day, viz., the relation between social and political reform.—[*Communicated.*]

REFUSING TO PAY TRAM FARE.—At the Fort Police Court yesterday, before Mr. Cooper, Mr. Aloup was charged, at the instance of Mr. Crisp, of the Tramway Co., with refusing to pay his tramway fare. It appeared from the evidence adduced that the accused got into a green car bound for Byculla in the Fort and purchased a ticket for Grant Road. In the usual course, the transfer ticket was not detached as the passenger had to get into another car. At Horse Bunder the accused entered another car, and when opposite the G.P.O. Terminus left and visited a snow on the Esplanade. The conductor of the car went after him and asked for his ticket, but the accused refused and threatened to strike him. Later in the day with the same ticket he got into another car and attempted to get down at Rampart Row. The inspector, however, detected the ticket was not of recent issue and demanded payment which was refused. Aloup denied having refused to pay. He was fined Rs. 5-8, the cost the prosecution were put to, and ordered to pay the fare, which was two annas.

RIVAL BILL POSTERS.

MR N. GRIFFITHS, Manager of the Abell Klaer and Olman's Circus, appeared before Mr. Cooper yesterday to answer a charge of using abusive and threatening language, so as to cause a breach of the peace, which was preferred by Mr. Sorabjee Dhunjeebhoy and Mr. Framjee Dossabhoy Wadia. Mr. Sorabjee Bezonjee appeared for the prosecution and Mr. Turner, Solicitor, for the defence. Mr. Sorabjee again stated the facts of the case as was reported in these columns before, and added that there had been some overtures at settling the matter, but as the accused had only tendered a verbal apology the complainants refused to accept it. Mr. Cooper remarked he did not know whether the complainants had obtained the consent of the occupiers or owners of the walls for pasting their cards on them. He supposed they were acquainted with the law by which they were liable to a fine of Rs. 50 for posting placards on walls without the consent of the owners. If the owners of walls in the city chose to allow them, of course there was no cause for dispute between the rival advertisers.

Mr. Turner said his client obtained the permission of many owners to paste the Circus placard, on their walls.

In answer to Mr. Cooper, who asked if his clients had obtained the necessary permission, Mr. Sorabjee replied he did not consider the posters ban to the language Mr. Cooper observed he was only anxious that a settlement should be come to.

Mr. Turner then explained that Mr. Griffiths had obtained the (permission of several owners of private walls to paste his placards on them. He was the manager of the Circus, and usually preseded it in the different cities or towns intended to be visited, and pasted its placards all over the place. It was a matter of great expense, and Mr. Griffiths took care to put them on the best spots, he often having to work night and day for a week. Well, he found that his placards were defaced by paltry little posters of "Wheeler and Wilson's Sewing Machines." In some cases the pictures of the circus had been cut out of them on these stupid little bills over them. Finding his placards thus treated, Mr. Griffiths went to the agents of Wheeler and Wilson's machines and complained to the complainants. He saw the second complainant about seven o'clock in the morning, and he said he was very sorry for what his coolies had done. He would take precautions to see that it would not occur again, and would in future have his bills removed. The manager came down and got into Mr. Griffiths' gharry and drove about the city and shown where his bills has defaced those of the Circus. When the manager left Mr. Griffiths he shook hands with him and was on the best of terms, and not as the reports in the newspapers contained in the document. It was wanted to assault him. In the evening, finding that no steps were taken to remove the bills, Mr. Griffiths went again to the office of the complainants to complain of the manager not keeping his promise. Mr. Griffiths did not know it was a residence, and when he saw the partner of the firm he explained he had come to compain that the promise made to him was not acted up to. It was a great exaggeration to say that he used abusive language, as Mr. Griffiths knew too much of the law to do anything of the kind or to attempt to assault any of the Parsee gentlemen. The posting of the bills of the Circus was a matter of great expense, and it was not likely Mr. Griffiths would allow any one to deface them.

Mr. Cooper said if the accused had obtained the consent of the owners nobody had any right to paste bills over his. He thought it would be better to settle the case between the parties as to how to arrange the bill-posting without quarrelling with one another.

Mr. Turner said it was a question now whether Mr. Griffiths or the proprietors of the Circus would not prosecute the Parsee gentlemen in a Civil Court for d[illegible]ges.

Mr. Sora[illegible] denied that the accused had obtained permission to post placards on private houses, on that any damages had been caused to the Circus Company.

Mr. Turner, after discussing the matter of settlement with Mr. Sorabjee for about half an hour, said that he understood there were two grounds of complaint against his client—first, that he entered the private apartments of the complainants, and second that he used certain language which did not please them. Mr. Griffiths had not intended to go into their residence, and had only done so because on enquiring for the manager he had been directed there. He had not used the language imputed to him, but was sorry if he had said anything in the heat of the moment which displeased them. Mr. Sorabjee accepted for his clients the explanation offered, and withdrew the case, leaving the matter with the Court.

His Worship allowed the case to be withdrawn, remarking he considered it a very satisfactory ending.

HIGH COURT.—APRIL 3.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE SCOTT.)
(If Chamber business is over by 2 o'clock p.m.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

435-84—Hore, C and B—M F de Souza vs E P V de Souza—Winter and B.—Part heard.
307-84—Nana and E—Amoodal vs Shaik Ismailji Jewabhoy and others—Tyabji and D.
3-85—Mackfarlane and E—Fuckeerchund Ghellabhoy and others vs Gotamchund Manockchund and others—Jefferson, B and D.
402-84—Little, S, F and N—Navivow vs Nundoo Meghji and others—Tyabji and D, and Hore, C, and B.
230-83—Tyabjee and D—Joosub Abdulla and others vs Amerudin bin Mahomed, &c.—M H Khan and T H Peonee.
503-85—Payne, G and S—Haji Moosa Adum vs Zulikabai and others—Khunderao M.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE JARDINE.)

For investigation of pauperism.

44-85—Balkrishna and B—Anpoornabai vs Madhowrao Moroba.

Summary Suit.

110-86—J C Cama—Goolabchund Megha and others vs Sadashiv Vishwanath.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

13-86—M. H Khan—For pauper—Tricum Meghji vs Dewsay Gopal—C E Milvain—Part heard.
20-86—Thakurdas, D and C—Dewjee Kessowjee and another vs Kanbai and others—H. re, C and B.
33-86—Winter and E—Purshotumdas Cursondas vs Raghojee Godhajee Teli—Shamrao P.
34-86—Janardhen G—Nursoo Syboo vs Hajee Oosman Hajee Janmahomed—In person.
35-86—Payne, G and S—Kessowjee Moridhur and others vs Jijibhai Jehangir Lam and another—Nanu and H.
40-86—Craigie, L and O—The Chartered Bank of I A and China vs Khetsey Pragjee—In person.
44-86—In person—Memon Ahmed Sooleman vs Issa Allana and others—Inperson.
361-85—Tobin and J—L W G Rivett-Carnac vs Ashabai—Mirza H. K.
424-85—Little, S, F and N—Gotumchund Bechardas vs Shaikh Kalidas Govindjee and others—Nanu and K.
433-85—Jefferson, B and D—Ramsubai and another vs Munchubai and others—Bomonjee and H.
467-85—Ardeshir and [illegible]—Cursondas Pallonjee vs Pallonjee Framjee and another—Nanu and K.

HIGH COURT.—APRIL 3.

(Before the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Scott.)

MONEY LENT ON THE SECURITY OF PATTIMARS.

HURNATH ROOPJEE AND OTHERS *vs.* MAHOMED HAJEE ALLAH AND OTHERS.

THIS was an appeal from a decision given on the 5th September, 1885, by Mr. Justice Pinhey, who dismissed the suit with costs. Mr Lang and Mr. Budrooddin, instructed by Messrs. Payne, Gilbert, and Sayani, appeared for the plaintiffs and appellants; and Mr. Macpherson and Mr. Jardine, instructed by Messrs. Hore, Conroy, and Brown, for one of the defendants and respondents, Abdoola Jiva.

The facts of the case are these. The plaintiffs claimed Rs. 2,551 for money lent to the defendants on the security of five pattimars, and asked for an order for the sale of the pattimars, and for an account. By an agreement dated 4th August, 1876, the defendants admitted their indebtedness to the plaintiffs in Rs. 5,000 on the security of five pattimars which had been mortgaged to the plaintiffs. The pattimars remained in the possession of the defendants, and from time to time they paid to plaintiffs certain sums as being the freight earned by the pattimars. In September, 1880, there remained only three of the five pattimars, two having been broken up by the defendants; and at their request, the plaintiffs put the three pattimars up for sale by public auction. They were bought in by the defendants at Rs. 1,550. The defendants paid Rs. 387 as deposit on account of the purchase-money, but did not complete the purchase. A balance of Rs. 2,851 remained due to plaintiffs. The defendant, Abdoola Jiva, on the other hand, maintained that, if proper accounts were rendered of the moneys received by the plaintiffs it would be found that, instead of any moneys being due to the plaintiffs, large sums were due to the defendants. The plaintiffs in 1870-71 purchased eleven pattimars on account of the defendants and two other persons; and the pattimars remained in the possession of the plaintiffs, who used to receive the freight and profits. One of the pattimars was sold by the plaintiffs on account of the defendants, and two were wrecked, so that at the date of the agreement above referred to, there were eight pattimars still left in the possession of the plaintiffs. It was untrue that the pattimars remained in the possession of the defendants. The plaintiffs had always received all the freight and profits arising from the use of the pattimars, and ought to have duly credited them to the defendants. The account attached to the plaint was incorrect; and the claim, it was alleged, was barred by limitation.

Mr. Justice Pinhey decided the point of limitation in favour of the defendants. He held that the agreement of 1871 was not the document sued on, nor was it contained in the list of documents annexed to the plaint. A decree was given for the defendants.

Mr. Lang, for the appellants, contended that Mr. Justice Pinhey was in error in holding that the plaintiffs' suit was barred by limitation. The registered agreement of April, 1871, because it had not been particularly specified in the plaint. It was referred to in the affidavit of documents of the plaintiffs, and had been treated as in evidence at the hearing of the suit, and his Lordship was in error in not considering and giving effect to the document. The learned judge should have allowed the plaintiffs, if necessary, to amend the plaint, and should have held that, independently of the agreement in question, the claim of the plaintiffs was not barred by limitation. His Lordship, it was further submitted, should have taken evidence upon and determined the other issues in the case, which he did not do.

After hearing the arguments of counsel, their Lordships reversed Mr. Justice Pinhey's decree, and remanded the suit for hearing on the merits. Plaintiffs to have their costs of the appeal; all other costs to be cost in the cause.

LIABILITY OF AN ARBITRATOR.

CHUTTOORBHOOJ WALJEE AND ANOTHER *vs.* GOVERDHUN PEYAMBER.

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The plaintiffs in this suit sought to recover from defendant Rs. 4,000, which they had paid him as a deposit to abide the result of an award which was to be made by him and Purshotum Govindjee, his co-arbitrator, or by the umpire Lukmundas Khemjee. Disputes having arisen between the plaintiffs and Ruttonsey Lilladhur, they were referred to the arbitration of the defendant and Purshotum Govindjee; or if they differed, to Lukmundas Khemjee as arbitrator. Plaintiff then paid to defendant Rs. 4,000, to keep the sum with himself by way of deposit to abide the result of the award or umpirage. The plaintiffs and Ruttonsey Lilladhur extended the time for making the umpirage until the 27th December, 1883, but the umpire having been unable to make the umpirage within the extended time, Ruttonsey refused to extend the time any further, and afterwards revoked the authority given to the umpire. The plaintiffs then required the defendant to repay to them the amount of the deposit; but acting in collusion with Ruttonsey, he pretended that he had paid the sum to Ruttonsey. This was said to be in violation of his express agreement upon the faith of which the plaintiffs were induced to make the deposit with the defendant. The letter, on the other hand, affirmed that the plaintiffs were indebted to Ruttonsey in about Rs. 7,000; and that he paid the Rs. 4,000 to Ruttonsey with the knowledge and consent of the plaintiffs. He denied that he was acting in collusion with Ruttonsey; or that he paid the amount to him in order to benefit him. Mr. Justice Pinhey gave a decree in favour of the plaintiffs, and directed the defendant to pay to the plaintiffs Rs. 4,387, with further interest and costs.

Mr. Lang, in support of the appeal, argued that Mr. Justice Pinhey had misconstrued the document connected with the deposit of the Rs. 4,000, and that he erred in the construction of the provision about securities contained in the document. It was further submitted that the learned Judge misunderstood the terms upon which the amount was deposited with the defendant, and was wrong in holding that the defendant was bound to repay the Rs. 4,000 to the plaintiffs upon the failure of the arbitration. On the contrary, he ought to have held that, as the Rs. 4,000 were assets of the partnership existing between the plaintiffs and Ruttonsey Lilladhur, the plaintiffs were not entitled to recover the sum in full. The money was paid by the defendant in accordance with the terms of the document relied upon, and with the knowledge and consent of the plaintiffs.

The hearing of the appeal was not finished at the rising of the Court.

THE GARSTIN DACOITY CASE.

ON Tuesday morning, at the Madras High Court, before a full bench, consisting of the Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Kernan, Mr. Justice Muttusawmy Aiyar, Mr. Justice Brandt, and Mr. Justice Parker, Mr Eardley Norton, instructed by Mr. R. Ramasubbayyar, of the Madura Bar, presented a petition on benalf of the Zemindar of Bodymaickanoor, for a transfer of the Garstin dacoity case, in which the Zemindar is one of the accused persons, from the file of the Sessions Court Madura, to which it stands committed, to the file of the Madras High Court or some Sessions Court other than Madura. Mr. Powell, Public Prosecutor of the Presidency, instructed by Mr. Grant Prentice of the Madura Bar, opposed the application on behalf of the prosecution.

The Judges retired at 10 minutes to 4 o'clock to consider their decision, and returned at five minutes to 6 o'clock, resuming their seats at once on the bench, the Chief Justice, on behalf of himself and the other judges delivered the following brief judgment:—

"The Public Prosecutor does not oppose the application that this case be not tried at Madura. The petitioner in his petition prays that the case may be tried by some Sessions Court other than that of Madura, or by the High Court itself; and we are much pressed by the counsel for petitioner to move it to the High Court. We believe that difficult questions of law, especially as to the relevancy of evidence, are likely to arise in the case, and we consider it desirable to transfer the case here. The transfer to the High Court is accordingly made, and the witnesses for the prosecution, &c., will be bound over to appear at the next Criminal Sessions of the High Court." Then as regards the question of bail their lordships said, Section 498 of the Criminal Pro. Code is not controlled by Section 497, and it is open to us to admit the petitioner to bail if good and sufficient causes be shown. But the rule in respect of non-bailable cases is not bail be not taken except under special circumstances. Whether the petitioner has rendered himself liable to conviction under the Sections 111 and 395 of the Indian Penal Code depends on somewhat difficult points of law and fact. It may be that there will be a question put to the jury whether the case is a bailable or non-bailable one; we express no opinion whatever in that matter, but, under all the circumstances of the case, we consider we should exercise the discretionary power vested in us by allowing the prisoner to give bail to the satisfaction of the District Judge, himself in the sum of Rs. 20,000 and two sureties of Rs. 10,000 each." On the application of Mr. Ramasubbayyar (Mr. Norton having left the court) the order releasing the Zemindar on bail was communicated by telegram.

The case will accordingly be tried at the next Criminal Sessions of the High Court, which will commence on the 28th proximo.

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GLIMPSES OF COWBOY LIFE.

A CORRESPONDENT of the *New York Sun* has interviewed John H. Sullivan known on the plains and cattle-ranges as Broncho John, who is now studying the workings of labour organizations in different Eastern cities and their relations to working men as a class, for the purpose of enlightening his isolated fellow-workers of the trails and ranches on the subject. Sullivan is a cowboy. He donned the sombrero and spurs when he was twelve years old, and has followed every cattle-trail from the Gulf of Mexico to the mountains of Washington Territory in the fifteen years that have passed since then. A man with an experience such as this was able, of course, to give an interesting account of the business in which his life had been spent. He began by explaining the grievances of his class and defending their character :—

As near as I can say, at a rough guess, there are between 8,000 and 10,000 cowboys in the ranges of the cattle-raising States. No class of men work harder. None are so poorly paid for their services. The tyranny and injustice that they are compelled to submit to at the hands of their employers is as great, if not greater, than that to which any other class of labourers are subjected. No people have ever been so grossly misrepresented and maligned. There is as much difference between the genuine cowboy and the disreputable blusterer and bulldozer, that writers for the press have made the cowboy out to be, as there is between the honest hard-working mechanic of this or any other city and the swaggering rowdy, loafer, or bully that jostles him in the street. A wide-rimmed hat, fringed leggins, ability to sit a mustang well, a six-shooter, and a carcass full of bad rum do not make a cowboy. A cowboy is not a drunkard. He is not a horse-thief, nor a road-agent. The men whose faithful endurance guides and guards thousands of herds of valuable cattle through dangerous passes and lonely trails, and who place their lives between their charges and the many enemies they encounter from ranch to dead-line, are not selected from the outcast criminal scum of the country. It is not the cowboy's favourite pastime to ride through border towns and empty his revolver at unoffending and helpless citizens. On the contrary, the true cowboy is a terror to evil-doers of all kinds.

The merits claimed for the Mexican cowboy are not admitted by the narrator :—

The Mexican cowboy, you know, is generally regarded as the master of the horse and lasso, and it is the custom for people to say, "He is as smart with the rope as a Mexican." Taking it all in all, I think the white cowboy is superior to the Mexican. I have known a herd of 3,000 cattle in charge of Mexicans to be stampeded in a thunder-storm because the Mexicans were afraid of the thunder and lightning, and threw themselves from their horses, stripped themselves, and lashed their naked bodies with cactus as a penance for some sin, while the herd rushed wildly away in all directions, and hundreds were lost. It takes a white cowboy to ride after and control a herd during and giving effect to the document. The learned judge should have allowed the plaintiffs, if necessary, to amend the plaint, and should have held that, independently of the agreement in question, the claim of the plaintiffs was not barred by limitation. His Lordship, it was further submitted, should have taken evidence upon and determined the other issues in the case, which he did not do.

After hearing the arguments of counsel, their Lordships reversed Mr. Justice Pinhey's decree, and remanded the suit for hearing on the merits. Plaintiffs to have their costs of the appeal; all other costs to be cost in the cause.

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AMERICAN BEAUTIES AND ENGLISH PEERS.

THE Duke of Portland, who has returned to England from a shooting tour in Russia, is the topic of much conversation in New York. Strangely enough, it seems to be believed that the Duke is so desirable a bridegroom as to entitle Miss Langdon to congratulation. A New York correspondent of an American contemporary writes :—

All New York is chattering over the engagement of Miss Marion Langdon to the Duke of Portland. She is the wealthiest of unmarried dukes of England, and still in the fairies. That the greatest catch in the British Empire (I) falls at the feet of an American girl should perhaps be regarded as a thing to be proud of by the great North American Republic; but singular enough, the great Republic never grows enthusiastic when its fair daughters marry titles.

Miss Langdon has been the belle of New York for three seasons. There has never been a society girl who combined such advantages as does this famous beauty

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 2.

REUTER'S London telegram of yesterday quotes Consols at 100½—an advance of ⅛d. on the previous quotation. Bar Silver is 1-16d. lower at 48 11-16d. Sterling Loan shows a decline of ½d., while 4 per cent. Rupee Paper has advanced ½d., 4½ per cent. has fallen to the same extent.

COTTON.—The Liverpool market closed firm yesterday; Surats quiet; sales amounting to 1,200 bales, of which 500 were Surats.

Mid-Uplands are quoted at 1-16d. higher at 5d., but quotations for Surats, with the exception of Good Fair and Good Oomra, which are 1-16d. lower, are unchanged. To arrive Mid-Uplands are quoted for April-May at 4 59-64d., and for May-June at 4 61-64d. The receipts of Cotton at the U. S. ports were 5,000 bales against 6,000 for the same day last year; and the price of Spot Mid-Uplands has advanced to 9 3-16—a rise of ⅛; while Futures are quoted at 9-49, 1-67 8 points higher than yesterday.

In sympathy with the above advices sellers here have advanced their rates about Rs. 2 per candy, and consequently only a very small business has been done.

There are buyers of Fine Broach at 197 and no sellers. Bengals alone are unaltered in price, and a small business has been done in Fine at Rs. 163, Fully Good at Rs. 158, Good at Rs. 153.

Most of the up-country sellers are now agreed that the Dholleras crop will not exceed last year's in quantity, but will be much better in quality.

WHEAT.—A moderate business has been done to-day in Delhi Club No. 1 for 20th June delivery at Rs. 3-13-6. For April-May delivery sellers are asking Rs. 3-13, but there are no buyers above Rs. 3-12 9.

The receipts of Cotton at the U. S. ports to date are as follows:—

	1886.	1885.	1884.
Thursdays' Receipts	5,000	6,000	5,000
Four days' do.	19,000	19,000	23,000
Total since 1st Sept.	4,734,000	4,526,000	4,971,000

FREIGHTS are quiet, a very limited business having been done. We quote:—

	Ready
Liverpool	23s. 9d.
Open Charter	22s. 6d.
Havre	2 s. 6d.
Dunkirk	22s. 6d.
Antwerp	21s. 3d.
Marseilles	21s. 3d.
Trieste, Venice	23s. 9d.

EXCHANGE, has been quiet but steady for early delivery, and a fair business has been done in Bank demand for the monsoon months at the former rate of 1s. 5 13-16d. Private bills for forward delivery are, however a shade easier, Credits being negociable at 1s 6 1-16d. for the last mail in May, and at 1s. 6 1-32d. for June.

Closing rates are as follows:—

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 5 15-16d. per rupee
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 5 29-32d. "
Do. Three months' sight	1s. 5 31-32d. "
Credits "	1s. 6d. "
Francs "	1 9-9 "

GOVERNMENT PAPER is quiet, a small business at Rs. 97½ being reported for ready, and nothing for forward delivery. 4½ per cent. Paper is still nominally quoted at 101. Municipal 5 per cents bonds continue to attract some attention, and small lots have changed hands at par.

SHARES.—Very little business has transpired, but amongst the few transactions reported we may mention Apollo Press at Rs. 1,050, Colaba Press at 730, Anglo Indian S. and W. at 112, Alliance at 760, Coorla Mills at 630, City of Bombay at 915, Manekjee Petit 1,215, National at 560, and New Great Eastern at 925. Amongst miscellaneous companies Bombay Saw Mills are reported to have changed hands at Rs 250., Bombay Ice Manufacturing Company at 122, and Bombay and Burmah Trading, 2nd issue, at 800.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash. Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	[illegible]	3½ p.ct.	720
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	all	10 do.	330
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	5 do.	200
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	10,000	100	1	6 do.	130
Hong. and Shang. B. Corporation	50,000	$125	all	17½ do.	466
National Bank of India	37,32	250		5 pct.	12½

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown & Co. Ltd.	1,000 / 750	200 / 200	200 / 150	10	190 / 150
Badham Pile & Co. Ltd.	3,000	100	100	its. 18	142
Bapty Co., Ltd.	2,64	200	165	its. 2	177
Barton & Co., Ltd.	1,00	50	1·0	10 2-3p.	55
Do. New issue	50		37½	10 2-3p.	
Bombay Land & building Co., Ltd.		500	100	6 p.c.	710
Bombay Flour Mill Co.	50	500	500	15 p.ct.	270
Bombay Saw Mills	60	1,000	1,000	..	121
Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Limited	1,25	10	100	its. 6	2·0 129
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation.	1,00	2,50	1,50	225	3,200 ex
Do. (2nd issue)	2,000	62	375	45	800
Do. (3rd issue)		62	375	..	..
Bombay Fire Insurance Co.	60	1,000	1,000	2.	950
Bombay Municipal Bonds	..	..	..	6 p.ct	102
Cash Bazaar	1,50	100	100	..	33
Cooper, Madon & Co., Ltd.	3,00	100	100		114
Indian Guarantee Suretyship Association	5,00	100	10	its 11 25	11
Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Limited	42,00	..	..	..	14
Karsandas Ice Co., Ltd.	60	500	300	5	321
Kurrachee Lighterage Company, Ltd.	60	50	200	36 p.c.	300
Kemp & Co. Ltd.	4,00	20	175	Rs. 25	333
Marcks & Co., Ltd.	4,00	10	80		85
Mechanic Building Co	4,00	5	2½	3½	40
Napier Hotel Co.	30	100	100	9 p.ct.	95 xd,
Napier Foundry and Mfg. Co.	1,50	100	100	..	98
Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company	5,000	200	50	5 & 7.	80 xd
Oriental Loan Association	5,000	20	20		2
Pearse and Co., Ltd.	1,00	10	100		91
Port Canning Co.	6,00	1,00	1,00	8 p. a.	305
Prince of Wales Fire Insurance	25	100	1,00	Rs. 16	675
Phillips & Co., Ltd.	4,000	100	60	Rs. 10	78
Royal Flour Mills Co., Ltd.	2,500	100	50	Rs 13	
Soundy & Co., Ltd.	1,00	10	10	Rs. 53	70
Telephone Co., Ltd.	19,20	25	2	Rs. 2	1½
Treacher & Co., Ltd.	3,00	50	50	Re 1	1,162
Thacker & Co., Ltd.	1,00	100	100	Rs. 110	175
Western India Flour Mills	00	175	100	Rs. 1	200
M. M. Mody & Co	2,000	200	200	12 p.c	127

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steam-ship Bhownuggur, 108 tons, Nacoda, sails to-day for Bhownuggur, with a general cargo and 40 deck passengers.

THE steam-ship Fedele Primaveri, 1,066 tons, Cap ain A D Sicey, sails to-day for Genoa and Marseilles with a general cargo.

THE steam-ship Bangalore, 1,409 tons, Captain G J W Baldwin, sails to-day for Mauritius with a general cargo and 150 deck passengers.

THE ship Aldborough, 1,425 tons, Captain H Trunks, arrived in harbour on the 1st instant from Cardiff with a cargo of 1 996 tons coals. She is consigned to Messrs Lyon and Co.

THE steam-ship Draco, 1,239 tons, Captain W H Bias t arrived in harbour yesterday from Antwerp 7th Feb. via London, 28th Feb, with a general cargo. She is consigned to Messrs. Finlay, Muir and Co.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Assyria, 969 tons, Captain J C Tice, arrived in harbour yesterday from Persian Gulf via Kurrachee with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr. J. Crawford, Mr J Wallace, Mr V E Nazareth, Mr Moolla Hooseein, Mr and Mrs Harry Gunesh, and 43 deck.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Goalpara, 1,355 tons, Captain A J Windebank, arrived in harbour yesterday from Coast and Calcutta with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Revd Mr and Mrs Hartmann and 4 children, Mr and Mrs Krapp and 2 children, Hony R H Elliott, Mr Selfair, and 15 deck.

THE following is the list of passengers proceeding to-day at 5 p.m by the Austro Hungarian Lloyds S N Co's s. Electra:—For Trieste—Major and Mrs Percy Smith and children, Mr and Mrs Irving Noble and child, Mrs Will, Mr and Mrs Ziegler and 3 children, Mrs Hasenwandel, Mr and Mrs Hartmann and 4 children, Mr and Mrs Krapf and 3 children, Mr C Prumier, Mr A Elliott Mr G A Scott, Mr G Casalegio, Mr A Biernacki, Mr I A Nathan, Mr I Hoggenbin. Rev Dr Bergsteat, Master I Schoeffer, Mr Schent, Mr C Favre, Dr Sarasin and brother, Mr Hofmann, Rev Sergeant, Mr Farel, Mr A Strika, Mr Pankow, Mr Schroeder, Mr S Petardi, Mr B L Gupta, Mr A Gupta, Mr G Bronzin, and Mr Schmidt and 9 musicians.—For Suez—Mr W. I. Sandison.—For Aden—Mr Vacha and Mr I A Pereira and 12 deck passengers.

ARRIVAL OF CHINA AND AUSTRALIAN MAILS.

THE P and O Co's steam-ship Peshawar, 3,900 tons, L B Moule, arrived in harbour yesterday from Shanghai, March 31, with China and Australian Mails, a general cargo, and the following passengers:—Mr. C. E. Meister, Mr Nowall, Miss Auggers, Mr Cahusac, Major Smith, Dr. Hankins, Dr and Mrs Wyer, and 4 deck.

VESSELS IN THE PRINCE'S DOCK.

2ND APRIL.

Vessels.	Net Tonnage.	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. Darien	1780	H. B. Beard	E	James Mackintosh & Co.
" Britania	3069	F. Blight	B	W & A Graham.
" Peveril	1794	A. Burgess	L	Killick, Nixon & Co.
" Assam	3037	W. J. Nantes	..	P & O Company.
" Australasian	2303	Simpson	N	Finlay, Muir & Co.
" Khalif	1491	A. Nash	O	Finlay, Muir & Co.
" St. Dunstan	1451	J. Henry	P	Killick, Nixon, & Co.
" Othello	1934	J. Atkin		Finlay Muir & Co
" Rocius	2130	Kayall	A	Macalloch & Co
" C. Buchanan	1913	Coobett	D	Finlay, Muir & Co.
" Hajeem	2022	Newey	T	Killick, Nixon & Co.
" Pekin	2125	Symons	C	P. & O. Co.
" City of Manchester	2089	Gilmour	T	J. Mackintosh & Co.
" Inchulva	..	.....	F	.....
" Restitution	..	.....	K	.....
" Teheran	...	.....	D	.....
" Drago	..	.....	This	.....
" California	..	.....	E	.....

ARRIVALS.

Mar.	Vessels.	Commander.	From.
2	Aldborough	Trunks	Cardiff.
	Goalpara (s)	Windebank	Calcutta, Mar. 16.
	Assyria (s)	Tice	Buscb, Mar. 20.
	Drago (s)	Bisset	Antwerp, Feb. 17.
	Peshawar (s)	Moule	Shangai, Mar 11.

DEPARTURES.

April	Vessels.	Commander	Destination.
2	Amphitrite (s)	Gelcich	Hongkong
	Euphrates (s)	Macfadyen	K. Coast and Kurrachee.
	Australia (s)	Ashdown	Marseilles, &c.

The following vessels obtained their port-clearances yesterday:—
Steamer P. Premaversi, Skey, for Genoa and Marseilles.
" Bhownuggur, Nacoda, for Bhownuggur.
" Bangalore, Baldwin, for Mauritius.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday:—
Steamer Sheikh, for Genoa and Marseilles.
" Assyria, for Persian Gulf via Kurrachee.
" P. Llewellyn, for Naples and Genoa.
Ship White Rose, for Liverpool.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, 1st April, 1886.

Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. *and* 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·855
Temperature of the Air	79·6
Wet Bulb Thermometer	69·4
Dew Point	54·6
Relative humidity of Air	·512
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded = 10)	0 0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.)	85·4
Minimum do. do. (read at 10 a.m.)	74·0
General Directions of Wind	NW, NNE, N, WNW, N W
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	253

* From midnight to midnight.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—MARCH 30.

Pelton, Col, Bl 2nd Ches. Regt.

APRIL 1.

O'Med. Qr-Mr, Bl. on leave, from Quetta.
Douglas, Lt-Col, Bo Worces Regt, on leave, from Kurrachee.
Roupell, Capt, Bo Adjt Genl's Dept, on leave, from Quetta.
Ward, Col, Bo R H A, on leave, from Kurrachee.
Kelsart, Capt, Bl R A, on leave, from Ferozpore.
Reilly, Capt, Bo Comst Dept, on leave, from Poona.

APRIL 2.

Rawlins, Col, Mad R H A, on leave, from Secunderabad.
Hammeck, Major, Bo 1st Bn Oxf L I, on leave, from Poona.
Havelock, Col, Mad Hyd Cont, on privilege leave, from Aurungabad.
Anderson, Lt, Mad R E, on sick leave, from Mandalay.
Whetta, Lt, Bl Queen's Boys, on leave, from Umballa.
Hammond, Capt, Bl, Con Rangers, on leave, from Jullunder.
Sturt, Qr-Mr, Burmah Somer L I, on duty, from Rangoon.

DEPARTURES.—April 1.

Harrison, Capt, Bl 2nd Liverpool Regt, on leave, to England.

APRIL 2.

Pinkerton, Dy-Surg-Genl, I M S, on duty, to Kurrachee.
Hamilton, Major, Bl, 6th Dr Gds, on leave, to England.
Money, Col, Bl S C, on retirement, to England.
Ellis, Capt, Mad A P D, on medical certificate, to Ceylon.
McMullin, Col, Mad 11th Regt N I, to rejoin, to Secunderabad.
Havelock, Col, Mad, Hyd Cont, on privilege leave, to England.
Hammick, Major, Bo 1st Bn Oxf Lt Inf, on leave to England.
Goodfellow, Major-Genl, Bo R E, on duty, to Mahableshwar.
Rawlins, Col, Mad R H A, on leave, to England.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS. REGIMENTAL ORDERS.

By Lieut.-Col. the Hon. L. H. Bayley, Comdt., B. V. R. C.

Bombay, 2nd April, 1886.

The usual Monthly Regimental Committee Meeting will be held at Head-quarters on Monday next, the 5th instant, at 5-30 p.m. There being particular business to be brought before it, it is requested that all members will do their utmost to be present.

Members are reminded that the period for class firing has been extended to the 30th instant, it is therefore requested that all who have not completed will do so as soon as possible, as the capitation grant cannot be drawn for any member who has not completed his annual courses, viz., fire 40 rounds. Members going to class fire who are at Boree Bunder at 5-20 and at Byculla Station at 5-30 a.m., will have their fares paid to Coorla and back.

The following Cadets are transferred from M Company to E Company from this date, viz, Cadets C Rowbottom and A Game.

By order,
H. HODGKINSON, Capt.,
Adjutant, B. V. R. C.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

BY H. E. THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF
Adjutant-General's Office, Head Quaters,
Poona, 2nd April, 1886.

THE C-in-C is pleased to make the following appointments:—23rd Bo L I.—Surg C B Maitland (on duty with the Indian Contingent at Suakim) to the medical charge, vice Surgn Lucas, transferred to general, duty, Mhow Circle. Surgn E T Avetoon (on general duty, Mhow Circle) to officiate in medical charge during the absence of Surgn Maitland, or until further orders. Lieut C H Macdonald, S C, wing officer, and Qr-mr 8th Regt. Bo. L, is attached to the 2nd Bo I for duty until further orders.

The services of Col A G Doig, S C, late General Transport Officer Shikarpore, having been replaced at the disposal of the C-in-C, that officer is placed on general duty, Bombay, until further orders.

Surgn J Lucas, M D, in medical charge 23rd B L I, is transferred to general duty, Mhow Circle.

Surg W H Quicke, on being relieved of the medical charge of Asirgarh by Surg A C Thompson, is placed on general duty, Mhow Circle.

Under instructions from the Horse Guards, War Office, it is intimated that Lieut. W. E. Wingfield, R. A., has been posted to B. Battery 2nd Bgde, R. A.

Lieut. L. Graham, No. 1 Battery 1st Bgde. Western Division, R. A., has been transferred to S. Battery 1st Bgde, R. A, Bangalore, and will join it forthwith under (Clause K.), para 514, Transport Regulations, Part II.

With the sanction of H. E. the C-in-C in India, and in anticipation of his retirement from service, Capt A Bawles, 2nd Bn East York Regt, is permitted to proceed to England at the public expense.

Capt G F W Macfarlane, S C, has qualified for employment in the Judge-Advocate Genl's Dept.

The undermentioned officers return to duty by permission of the Secy of State for India on the dates specified:—

Lieut Col D L R F Woolridge, S C, Asst Comsy-Genl for Transport 2nd Class. 29th March 1886.

Bgde Surg W E Cates, I M D, Examiner of Medl Accts, 29th March, 1886.

Lieut G O Staneley, S C, Squad Officer, 1st Bombay Lancers, 24th March 1886.

The undermentioned non-commissioned officer is awarded the medal with gratuity of £5 for long service and good conduct under the provisions of G G O No 647 of 1870

Bombay Unattached List.—Serjt (Army Pensr) Frank Bendle, Adjt-Genl's Dept.

H E the C in C in India has been pleased to grant the undermentioned officer leave to England with the necessary subsidiary leave:—

R A—Capt J N M Nesten—(C Batty, 2nd Bdge), for 12 months.

Worcestershire Regt.—(1st Bn) Lieut-Col T C Douglas for nine months on private affairs.

The undermention officers have leave of absence, 7th Dragoon Guards.—Lieut-Col H F Great, C B, to remain in England from 20th Jany 1886 to 30th March 1886.

R. A.—Capt R N Haines (D Battery 2nd Brigade) from 7th April 1886 to 6 Jany 1886 to the neighbouring district of Ahmedabad, on private affairs.

Royal Engrs.—Col John Hills, C B, for six months in India, on private affairs.

North Staffordshire Regt.—(2nd Battalion) Major R H Lyacke, to Cashmere, from 7th March to 6th Sept 1886, on private affairs.

Oxfordshire L I.—(1st Batn) Lieut F G Cardem, to remain at Madras in extension, from 1st April to 8th April 1886 on private affairs.

Lieut A F Mockler Ferryman, to Cashmere, for 4 months and 22 days from date of departure, on private affairs.

G I P R Volunteer Corps.—Capt A King, to England, for 8 months on private affairs.

Sind V R C.—Lieut D Mc Iver to England, for 12 months, on private affairs.

The privelege leave as under, granted in 1886, is converted into general leave on private affairs. R A—Capt E F Becher (E Baty 2nd Brigade) from 7th Sept 1885 to 7th Oct 1885. Lieut F R Mc C De Butts (No 8 Heavy Batty.) 1 Brigade Cinque (Ports Divn) from 28th July 1885 to 11 Aug 85.

MR. N. H. GHEESTA,
DENTAL SURGEON,
MAY BE CONSULTED FROM 8 A. M. TO 6 P. M.
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SPECTACLES.
AS my stay in Bombay is limited those wishing to consult me should do so at once.
N. LAZARUS,
OCULIST-OPTICIAN TO THE VICEROY
28, MEDOWS STREET,
BOMBAY.

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BURMA,
AFTER THE CONQUEST,
VIEWED IN ITS POLITICAL, SOCIAL, AND COMMERCIAL ASPECTS,
FROM
MANDALAY.
BY
GRATTAN GEARY,
FELLOW OF THE BOMBAY UNIVERSITY, AUTHOR OF "THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY," AND EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

"Having written this brief volume on 'Burma, After the Conquest,' the idea occurs to me that the chief excuse for the book is to be found in the circumstance that it fulfils, by accident, or fate, though not of set purpose, the office which the Provost Marshal's camera accomplished in placing on record the effect of the bullets on the dacoits executed at Mandalay. It brings into a focus the hopes and fears, the actions and the passions, in play during the interregnum in Burma, between the deposition of King Theebaw and the advent of Lord Dufferin, to pronounce the decree fixing the future of the country."—*Author's Preface.*

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DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

TALATI.—April 2, at Bazar Gate Street, Fort, Mr Sorabjee Nusserwanjee Talati. Funeral this morning at about 7 o'clock.

The Bombay Gazette

SATURDAY, APRIL 3, 1886.

THE appeal in the famous Hindoo matrimonial suit has gone against Rakmibai. The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Bayley yesterday gave judgment on the appeal against Mr. Justice Pinhey's decision, reversing it, and remitting the case to the lower Court for a decision upon the merits. Mr. Justice Pinhey, it may be remembered, held that the suit would not lie, and he dismissed it without hearing the case for the defendant. Technically speaking then the issue is still undecided; we have now to see whether, with the law laid down as it was laid down by the Appeal Court yesterday, a fuller statement of the defendant's case will avert a decree in the terms prayed for by the plaintiff. The judgment is unquestionably discouraging to Rakmibai. It affirms without reservation the jurisdiction of the Court and its power to enforce its decree by imprisonment or an attachment of property. It cites a long array of precedents for suits for the restitution of conjugal rights, and altogether rejects the contention raised on the defendant's behalf that the right of the husband over the wife is a right of imperfect obligation—a moral and religious right, the infraction of which is punishable by pains in the world to come, but by no penalty that the civil power can impose. The fact that the Hindoo law books make no provision for the king to order a husband or a wife to return to marital allegiance is held to be of small moment. The duties pertaining to husband and wife, Sir Charles Sargent says, have always been the subject of caste discipline, and with the establishment of a systematic administration of justice the civil courts have assumed the jurisdiction over conjugal rights described by Hindoo law. Nor is the judgment more favourable to the view of the learned judge in the court below, that where the marriage is incomplete, as in this case, there are no marital rights to be "restituted." It makes no distinction between a completed and an uncompleted marriage. The general obligation which rests upon married persons to live together covers a case like this no less than cases in which there has been cohabitation. The absence of the defendant's consent to her marriage was equally disregarded as a reason why the rights of the husband should not become operative. The Court, with a full consciousness that it was exercising jurisdiction in India and not in England, refused to look at the matter as a contract, and thereby declined to give help to the cause of social reform. It ignored the element of repugnance between an educated wife and a husband who has been described as being no better than a coolie, and declared that its jurisdiction took no account of "fine distinctions." Nothing is said about moral or physical repulsion in the law books, and nothing is made of it in the judgment. Not one, indeed, of the arguments by which Mr. Justice Pinhey justified his dismissal of the suit has commended itself to the Court of Appeal. The ardent sympathies of Mr. Justice Pinhey have been mercilessly overborne by the severely cold technicalities of Sir Charles Sargent and Mr. Justice Bayley.

It would be useless and inappropriate to criticise a judgment, every proposition in which is supported by specific appeals to rule and precedent. Nor would it be seemly to complain that the High Court has not taken upon itself to add to the list of judgments of which an eminent Chief Baron of the Exchequer is known to have declared that they were "judgments of policy, but not of law." No other than a passing purpose is served by decisions of that kind. It was a generous impulse which led one of the most eloquent of pleaders to ask the Court "to do a great right by doing a little wrong;" but the pleader was not a lawyer, though she wore a lawyer's garb, and evidently it is not in the High Court of Bombay that an appeal of that kind can be effectively employed. The Hindoos can count upon many friends outside their ranks, anxious to help them to set their houses in order; but they may be sure that the Judges of the High Court will stand aloof from the movement. Those whose hearts are set upon reform, and who look upon Rakmibai as the victim of a pernicious system, may, however, comfort themselves with the thought that the last word in the controversy that they have taken up will not be the word of the lawyers. Law, after all, conforms in the long run to sentiment and not sentiment to law. "As long as the law remains as it is" were the words with which Sir Charles Sargent led up to the affirmation that the duty of the Court in the matter was imperative. If public opinion is awakening, as we are sometimes told it is, to the demerits of the Hindoo marriage system, means will be found for bringing the law into conformity with the awakened conscience of the community. But unless the Privy Council reverse the judgment pronounced yesterday, it will have to be taken as an established principle that the power of the husband over the wife is absolute, and unconditioned by the repugnance of the wife for a husband whom she has never chosen and never accepted. Social reform by means of appeals to the law courts seems for the moment to be decidedly unpromising, and if an unexpected victory should attend upon Rakmibai's resistance to the matrimonial customs of her community, it will be upon some issue of fact, raised when the case is heard on its merits, rather than upon any principle of law. The judgment defines clearly enough the power of the husband, and the definition is as discouraging as it could well be to those who are endeavouring to break down what they deem to be pernicious in the present state of the Hindoo household.

We hope that they take a too gloomy view of the matter who anticipate that the success of the appeal will have a reactionary influence in the Hindoo community. The belief, however, does prevail that the failure of Rakmibai's resistance to the suit would entail a rivetting of the fetters which hold down many a wife under the thraldom of the mother-in-law and the husband. The judgment has been awaited in Hindoo society with very real interest, but not, we hope, with the malign expectations credited by some to the orthodox upholders of things as they are. Amongst these there were many who congratulated Rakmibai on her success in the Divisional Court; they should not be wanting in sympathy with her in her failure in the Court of Appeal. That there will be hosts of sympathisers with her in the at all events temporary disappointment which has overtaken her she may be abundantly sure. Recognizing though we must do the force of the arguments by which Sir Charles Sargent and his brother judge have justified their reversal of Mr. Justice Pinhey's decision, it is impossible to pretend that the judgment covered the whole of the questions involved. The Court had to concern itself with the legal aspects of the case; it was precluded from dealing with other aspects which are or perhaps wider and more abiding moment. Hard cases make bad law, but unhappily whatever of hardness there is in the case of Rakmibai is the lot of too many of the women of her community. The moral and physical repugnances which the Court very properly refused to take into account, the disparity in years and sympathies, which make marriage a hateful estate to those who are forced into it—are not mitigated by the most convincing demonstrations that they are in accordance with law and custom. The Court has put these and similar considerations out of sight; it is for the more enlightened of the Hindoo community and those of other communities who can effectively associate themselves with them for the purpose, to keep them in view, and, if they can, to induce a healthier tone of public opinion in regard to them.

A GRIEVANCE has been started at Nassick which will doubtless be brought in due course to the notice of the higher authorities. A pilgrim tax of four annas per head has been voted by the Municipality, and a protest which we publish in another column shows that the Nassick people, or a good many of them at all events, do not like it. It is objected to as being against precedent, and against the interest of the city, and possibly also as being little in keeping with the sanctity of a holy city standing on the banks of a holy river. The Municipality are for the most part people of the priestly class, and they ought to have known how the impost would be regarded by their fellow-townsmen. But the resolution was passed only by a majority of one vote, and there are allegations that a vote was included that ought to have been counted out, and that a vote was excluded that ought to have been counted in. The Municipality would doubtless have much to say for the course they have resolved upon, but a Municipality who set their constituents by the ears with a four-anna tax cannot be congratulated upon an administrative success. Whether the tax will be as deterrent to pilgrims as the memorialists say it will be is perhaps doubtful. Only the very poor will be prevented going to Nassick by a fee which, if added to the railway fare, would scarcely be felt. It will be well understood that the Municipality, in proclaiming their intention of laying out the proceeds of the tax in bringing water to Nassick, have not conciliated the opposition. Nassick has its Godaveri,—a Jordan in comparison with which the waters of all the Abanas and Pharpas of India are of small account—and no water that could be brought there would be so acceptable to them as that which flows past their doors. It is another question whether the sanitary advantages which would be derived from an artificial water-supply would not outweigh the sentimental objections to it. On this point the Municipal authorities doubtless have much to say. Their justification for a permanent tax upon pilgrims apparently is that Nassick is in need of many public works—of a new water-supply, of a bridge over the river, of a high school, of a civil hospital, and so on. For none of these things, however, do the memorialists care. They cling as closely to the economies as to the sanctities. The Municipality, they say, spends too much upon its establishment, which absorbs Rs. 23,000 per annum out of an income of little more than forty thousand; hence the small sum available for public works. Whether the Municipality be wise or unwise in its action, it is by no means an unhealthy sign when a local body in the mofussil becomes thus subjected to the full criticism of the people whose affairs it has in its charge.

LORD REAY showed his interest in the Volunteers on Thursday not merely by donning the uniform of the corps of which he is honorary Colonel and by attending the distribution of prizes to the Bombay Volunteers, but by making, with something of an air of authoritativeness, two important suggestions for the extension of the movement. A request *coram populo* to the Commander-in-Chief that the Bombay Volunteers may during the monsoon have an opportunity of doing heavy gun drill will probably meet with no obstacles to its fulfilment, especially as precedent for it is to be found in the records of General Warre's administration of the Bombay Army. With so good a precedent and such high patronage in its favour, there is every reason—except a possible want of sustained enthusiasm on the part of the Volunteers themselves—why the suggestion should be taken up with good effect. Lord Reay's recommendation, *proprio motu*, that a naval Volunteer Brigade should be formed, will be taken up with more likelihood of success than it would have been had it come from any one else. Our own columns have at one time and another shown that here and there an enthusiast is found, possessed with the belief that volunteering in Bombay might be brought into closer harmony with the fact that Bombay is a great coast town with a harbour to defend, and with interests at stake which in time of emergency cannot be defended on shore alone. Calcutta has been more ready to recognise this than we have, and Lord Reay has done well in asking how long it will be before we follow the example set us on the other side. The only objection that there can be to early action upon the Governor's suggestion is that it might conceivably interfere with the development of the mounted corps, which is still in need of recruits. But there would perhaps be as little competition between a corps of mounted rifles and a naval brigade as between Prince Bismarck's "horse and whale." There is room for a much further development of volunteering in Bombay than has yet been given to it, and the Governor did well to call attention to the fact in so pointed a way.

THE Conservatives will see Nemesis in the unseating of Mr. Jesse Collings at Ipswich. It was Mr. Collings whose amendment to the address affirming the necessity of providing allotments for agricultural labourers, led to the displacement of the Conservative Ministry. The incident will have some influence upon the legislation of the Session, as the Government awaited the result of the petition at Ipswich before resolving upon the course to be pursued in regard to the Allotments Bill.

WE are desired to state that Mr. H. M. Phipson and Mr. Sorabjee S. Bengali have accepted an invitation to join the Executive Committee of the Bombay Branch of the National Association for supplying female medical aid to the women of India. It is regretted that private engagements prevent so useful a worker as Mr. G. A. Kittredge, who had also been invited to join, from doing so. The full list of the committee will now be:—President: Lady Reay, C.I.; Members: Hon. J. B. Peile, C.S.I., Hon. M. Melvill, C.S.I., Hon. F. Forbes Adam, the Thakore Saheb of Gondal, Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, Bart., Hon. K. T. Telang, M.A., LL.B., C.I.E., Hon. Budrudin Tyabjee, Mr. Pherozshah M. Mehta, Mr. Cummoo Suliman

TELEGRAMS.

THE SITUATION IN BURMAH.

ENCOUNTERS WITH DACOITS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, APRIL 2.

An encounter between 80 dacoits and a detachment of the 5th Madras Regiment took place yesterday between Letpadan and Tharrawaddy, some 75 miles up the Prome railway line. Two sepoys are said to have been killed and one havildar wounded; also Lieutenant Green, Assistant Commissioner, Tharrawaddy. The casualties of the dacoits are not known. Reinforcements, consisting of 100 men of the 5th Madras, were despatched by train last night to Letpadan. Two leaders of the dacoits or rebels are said to have been wounded on elephants and bearing golden umbrellas.

Colonel LeMesurier reports from Hlinedet, 30 miles north of Yemethen, on the 27th March, that the Minzine Prince and his army were 40 miles north of Hlinedet in the Shan Hills. It is reported that the Prince intended attacking Kouksay near Ava. A force of 60 men of the Somersetshire, 90 of the 3rd Madras, and a small body of mounted infantry with Lieutenant Fendall's column from Toungdwingyee, left Yemethen on the 26th to move on Yaynoung and there deal with the Yaynoung Prince and his 400 followers.

Major Jenkins, Civil Officer with the force at Hlinedet, states that the Isawbwa of Nyoungywe has given up his claim to any territory. He is most friendly and agrees to pay tribute.

General Prendergast, lately addressing Mr. Bernard at Mandalay, thinks now that the road from Tounghoo to Mingyan through Yemethen and Mahline is open. It is most desirable that an experienced officer should take charge of the Shan frontiers and direct the work of the Civil Officers, who are not working together, and seem to have gained no touch with the people. Unless some system is adopted, there is fear that the military occupation of the country will be of little avail. The inhabitants of all the villages he had visited are quite disposed to be orderly, but efforts must be made by Government to show an interest in the people and their affairs. He thought it better to employ good officers who cannot speak Burmese, but who know the men, than let Upper Burmah fall into anarchy from want of well-directed energy.

BURMA AFFAIRS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MANDALAY, APRIL 2.

The Court of Enquiry regarding the late proceedings of the Provost Marshal's Department, was composed as follows:—Colonel Lowndes, Inspector General of Police, president; Colonel Bell-Kingsley, Hampshire Regiment, and Major Dale, 1st Madras Pioneers. Mr. Moylan, of the *Times*, gave full evidence, and the case closed yesterday. The Court was merely to collect the evidence. This will now be forwarded to the Commander-in-Chief, who will lay it before the Viceroy, Messrs. Rose and Melton Prior were not present at the enquiry, but had made written statements before leaving Mandalay.

Serious fires have occurred outside the Palace enclosure on the night of March 31. The stockade caught fire on the night of April 1st, and 200 houses were destroyed. It is said to be the work of incendiary dacoits.

Bhamo is perfectly quiet. Not one death has occurred among the European force of 300 since January, and only three deaths from all causes among 700 sepoys.

Major Cooke has been to Mogoung and beyond, but has now returned.

The River Irrawaddy as far as Sembo, and the River Mogoung as far as Mogoung, have been carefully surveyed by Lieut. Carins, R.E., and proved impracticable.

Steamer caravans taking jade stone, salt and cotton to China have now resumed running, but they still pay blackmail to the Kachyens, Manchester and Indian cottons are being taken up in quantities.

General Norman's policy is very conciliatory. He invites the Shans to settle round Bhamo.

A grand bazaar and fair was held from the 24th to 26th March.

The Burmese population are quiet in Bhamo, the Chinese population sullen and unfriendly. No revenue has been collected yet north of Shwayo. The river town Katha Modha Shwayo is well supplied and prosperous, rice being cheaper there than in Mandalay or Rangoon. The Chinese are bringing opium into Upper Burma via Bhamo, paying no duty.

A Brahmin has arrived at Bhamo from Dibrooghur; he was 15 days going to Mogoung, and was brought thence by our expedition. He gives a clear account of his journey.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE INDIAN AND COLONIAL EXHIBITION.

LONDON, APRIL 2.

H. R. H. the Prince of Wales has appointed a committee to receive those visitors who are coming to England from India and the Colonies to the Indian and Colonial Exhibition.

THE RUSSIAN SQUADRON IN SUDA BAY.

In the House of Lords last night, the Earl of Rosebery, Foreign Secretary, replying to a question respecting the sudden departure of the Russian Squadron from Suda Bay for Smyrna, said that the ships had merely gone to Smyrna to be revictualled and would return to Suda Bay and rejoin the International Fleet after shipping their stores. His Lordship added that the Russian Government had promised their cordial co-operation with England in the task of preventing hostilities between Greece and Turkey.

MR. JESSE COLLINGS UNSEATED.

The trial of the petition against the return of Mr. Jesse Collings, member for Ipswich, before Mr. Justice Denman and Mr. Justice Cave, has been concluded, and resulted in his being unseated.

Mr. Collings has consequently resigned his office of Secretary to the Local Government Board.

RUSSIA THREATENS BULGARIA.

The *Daily News* publishes a special telegram in this morning's issue, stating that Russia threatens to occupy Bulgaria.

PRINCE ALEXANDER.

CONSTANTINOPLE, APRIL 1.

Despite the pressure from the Porte and the great Powers, Prince Alexander is unyielding, and still insists on being appointed Governor-General of Roumelia for life.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LIVERPOOL, APRIL 1.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Forbes left here for Bombay this morning.

LONDON, APRIL 1.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Kerbela, arrived here from Bombay, Kurrachee and Malabar Coast this morning.

ADEN, APRIL 2.

The Italian Mail steamer Manilla, Captain A Crucisani, left Aden for Bombay to-day at noon, and is expected to arrive there on the 9th inst.

SUEZ, APRIL 2.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Rewa, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras and Colombo, left here this morning.

COLOMBO, APRIL 2.

The Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's S. N. Co.'s s. s. Pandora, from Hongkong, left Colombo for Bombay this evening.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, APRIL 1.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed firm. Surats quiet.

The London Cotton market has been dull.

Good Fair Dhollera	4

The Manchester market has been quiet but steady.

4 per cent. Rupee Paper		73
4	,,	75¼
3	,, Consols for account	100⅛
3½	,, Sterling Loan	101⅜
4½	,, French Rentes	103f
	Bar Silver	46 11-16d

LONDON, APRIL 1.

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—Total Bullion £21,300,000. Unchanged. Public Deposits £11,300,000. Inc. £300,000. Other Deposits £23,10?,000. Dec. £1,300,000. Other Securities £24,800,000. Inc. £100,000. Notes and Gold £13,760,000. Dec. £900,000. The Bank's Reserve is 40 per cent. of the Liabilities.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

(APRIL 2.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

THURSDAY NIGHT, April 1.

10 p.m.	76·7

WEDNESDAY, April 2.

6 a.m.	73·3
10 a.m.	80·4
2 p.m.	83·8
4 p.m.	83·6

MR. CHARLES DU-VAL left Bombay yesterday for London in the mail-steamer Australia. His tour, he states, has been successful as far as it has gone, but it has not gone far enough to satisfy the author of "With a Show through Southern Africa," who, we understand, has some intentions of putting into print some of his experiences here. Mr. Du-Val proposes re-visiting India next winter, when he will steer his course to the northern portions of the country. His engagements in London during the coming season necessitate his immediate return.

MR. LIONEL TENNYSON, who is still in a very critical state of health, will leave Calcutta for England to-morrow. It is thought necessary that he should avoid the hot weather.

IT is expected that General Sir Charles MacGregor will be obliged to go home for six months on account of ill-health.

SIR COMER PETHERAM intends to sit on the Original Side of the Calcutta High Court. In this his Lordship will be following the practice of the late Supreme Court, which was departed from by Sir Barnes Peacock, owing to a judgment of his having been reversed by the Court of Appeal.

THE *Hyderabad Record* having disobeyed an order for its discontinuance, the plant and press were seized by the Residency police on Tuesday. The proprietors have, it is understood, engaged the services of counsel to contest the legality of the order.

CONSIDERABLE damage has been done to the tea bushes in the western portion of the Terai on the boundary of Nepaul, by a severe hailstorm.

THE financial results of the working of the forests in the North-West Province and Oudh during the past year are reported. The receipts were Rs. 15 72,000 and the expenditure Rs. 10,20,000, thus leaving a surplus of Rs. 5,52,000 as against Rs. 5,70,000 in the previous year. The year is stated to have been on the whole less favourable than the previous one for the natural reproduction of the forests, which may perhaps account in some measure for the surplus being less, although there was also a diminished demand for forest produce.

THE Viceroy and party arrived at Durbhunga on Tuesday evening, and met with a fitting reception at the hands of the Maharajah, and the Municipal Commissioners presented an address of a peculiarly loyal tone, welcoming the Viceroy and Lady Dufferin to Durbhunga, and expressing their devotion to the Queen-Empress for the manifold blessings they enjoy under British rule. A graceful allusion was made to the Viceroy's sympathy for all classes of the people, and his endeavour to reconcile conflicting interests with the welfare and moral and material advancement of the country. Lady Dufferin was welcomed as a lady who had shown deep sympathy with, and concern for, the moral and social welfare of Indian women; and gratification was expressed at the happy progress of her Excellency's confinement. The Viceroy being in the evening, the road to the house of the Manager of the Raj was illuminated with the electric light, and a detachment of the Behar Light Horse escorted the party. Altogether the reception was a very pleasant one, and redounding to the credit of the Maharaja, whose magnificent hospitality is proverbial in Upper India.

A STEAMER of the Rubattino Line, which recently left India, is taking to Genoa, on his way to England, another claimant for an English peerage. In this case, says the *Pioneer* there is no dispute as to the validity of the claim. The heir to the peerage is Alan Hyde Gardner, and the title to which he aspires is that of Baron Gardner of Uttoxeter, a peerage both of Ireland and of the United Kingdom. The first Baron, Admiral Gardner, was an eminent naval officer, who was created a baronet in 1794, an Irish peer in 1800, and an English peer in 1806. Two brothers, members of another branch of the house, took service under the Mahrattas at the close of last century, and married two sisters, Mahratta princesses of Cambay. Alan Gardner, the father of the present claimant, appears to have joined his relatives in India at the beginning of the present century, and married the daughter of one of the brothers, entered in the peerage as "Jane *alias* Hurmoozee Begum." He settled on some land he had acquired in the Etah District of the North-West Provinces, and his son, the present claimant, Alan Hyde Gardner, married "a converted princess of the Delhi family." The father, Alan Gardner, was the son of the Honourable Francis Farrington Gardner, second son of the Admiral. The claimant has one son, four years of age, who is now living with his mother, a native convert, at the village of Manowta, in the Etah District. He himself is described as an oldish-looking man, of simple habits, and of the Eurasian type; he has worked for many years as a petty contractor at Khasgunge, where his curious history made him something of a local celebrity.

A SPECIAL telegram from London to the Allahabad paper says:—"The political complication brought on by the action of Greece is assuming a critical complexion. The Greek Chamber meets on Friday and is expected to pass a warlike vote. It is believed that Russia and France are encouraging Greece in her present course The European bourses are depressed in consequence. Russia has occupied Port Lazaret in Corea."

MAHARAJA SCINDHIA has been treated for the past fortnight by Dr. Leahy, but there does not seem much present improvement in his health. He is leaving almost at once for Bithur, near Cawnpore, to bathe in the Ganges, and expects to be absent about a month. During his absence the administration will be conducted by the Minister, Sir Gunputrao, K.C.S.I.

COMMENTING on the inferiority of our Horse and Field Artillery, as compared with that of other European Powers, the Allahabad paper says:—"The foreign officers did not conceal their opinion of the 7-pounder pop-guns, but we had hoped that they would admit the efficiency of the artillery in every other respect. The majority of them did so; but the French officers, to our surprise, have since stated that the artillery, as regards quickness, smartness, and precision "*laissent beaucoup a desirer.*" They added that, whereas the continental States had been giving every possible attention to the branch of the service, the English appeared to have stood still. The judgment is a severe one; but one cannot admit that it is merited, except in the matter of precision of fire, which again is mainly due to the poorness of the gun. If our French critics had said the General Officers as a rule handled their artillery badly, we think they would have touched one of the weak points in the manœuvres. The batteries were certainly turned out in fine form, as they have ever been, and there was really little to criticise in them. It is our misfortune that the 7-pounder gun is still in use; but with a gunner for Commander-in-Chief and another as Military Member of Council, to say nothing of this branch of the service being strongly represented in other departments, it cannot be imagined that the matter of armament will be allowed to stand still."

THERE appears to be a good deal of rivalry, among the various Liberal clubs in London. Brooks's looks down upon the Reform, the Reform looks down upon the Devonshire, the Devonshire looks down upon the National Liberal Club, and the National Liberal Club (says a correspondent) would be only too glad to look down upon some social Liberal institution of a lower level if it could find one. Far different is the conduct of the Carlton. The Conservative M.P., be he ever so humble, always finds a cordial welcome there. That club has just thrown open its doors to "Marshall and Snelgrove" in the person of Mr J. Blundell Maple, the well-known furniture dealer, who stood in the Conservative interest for the South Pancras division; and when Mr. Blundell Maple gets inside the Carlton he will, at least, have a chance of seeing earls and dukes and, that, even though he may not enjoy the privilege of holding converse with them. But Liberals say that "theft titled leaders shroud themselves in the sanctity of Brooks's and scarcely so much as show themselves to the humble folk of the Reform and the Devonshire.

THE old nobility seem to be in hot water just now. Lord Hinton, who is the son of Earl Poulett, by his marriage with a pilot's daughter, has had a true bill returned against him by the Grand Jury at the Old Bailey for conspiracy to obtain money by false pretences; Lord Groves is an Irish peer, about to take his trial at the Court of Queen's Bench on a charge connected with company promoting; while the ex-Marchioness of Westmeath, has been brought up at the Guildhall Police Court on a charge of having libelled one of the trustees of her marriage settlement. This lady was the wife of the eighth Earl and first Marquis of Westmeath, who died without issue. The Marquisate, therefore, became extinct while the Earldom descended to a collateral relative.

LORD HARROWBY called the attention of the Lords the other day to the proposals which had been recently made by the Dominion of Canada for the establishment of a line of steamers from Vancouver to Japan and Hongkong. He described the Canadian Pacific Railway, which had its termini at Quebec and Vancouver, as one of the marvels of the time. It was 3,000 miles in length, and 20 millions of money had been spent on it. By its means the journey from Liverpool to the Pacific might be accomplished in from 13 to 15 days, and it would furnish to this country an alternative route to Japan, China, and India, the land portion of which would be entirely through British territory. It was intended that the steamers should be first class and steam 15 knots an hour. The building of such boats in these times of depression would be of great benefit to a large number of artificers.

THE Russian military papers are discussing the advantages of forming a Cossack navy, and the chief writer on the subject says that those who cannot dissociate the Cossack from his horse are oblivious of the great deeds he accomplished at sea during the seventeenth and earlier part of the eighteenth century In proof of this, he refers to the fact that the Cossacks of the Don were long the terror of the Turkish coasts in both Asia and Europe. In the reign of Alexis Mikhaelovitch, a thousand of them, under the Hetman Ivan Bogaty, burned some of the suburbs of Constantinople, sank ten Turkish vessels and regained the Don with a rich booty. In Peter's campaign against Azof they took a prominent and honourable part, defeating on one occasion the Turkish fleet, which they attacked with great courage and little science in their small craft carrying only twenty armed men. The conclusion to which the writer comes is that the Cossack of the Lower Don, who is much more enterprising and accustomed to the sea than his kinsmen of the upper course of that river, furnishes excellent material for a navy, and he therefore proposes that the old Cossack fleet should be revived in the form most congenial to their tastes and character of a torpedo squadron.

THE latest sensation in America is that the "late" Lord Aylesford is not really dead. The supporters of this theory say that the news of his death reached a New York morning paper in a telegram from a correspondent at Big Springs, Texas, who was absolutely unknown, and that a week later Lord Aylesford's secretary arrived at New York with a coffin, and sailed the next day with it for England. "Was that coffin ever opened?" is asked.

THE marriage of the Infanta Eulalia to the Infant Antonio has been celebrated in the Palace Chapel at Madrid in presence of the Queen Regent, the members of the royal family, the Ministers, and the diplomatic body. There were also present deputations from both Houses of the Cortes, the principal civil and military authorities, and many other distinguished personages. The newly-married pair left for Aranjuez in the afternoon.

A COPY of the original edition of the "Ingoldsby Legends," in three volumes, with all Cruikshank's illustrations, was sold the other day at the sale of the library of a country house in Staffordshire for seventeen guineas.

MILITARY NEWS.

THE officers of Punjab Mountain Batteries have long been anxious to obtain the usual mess allowance enjoyed by all regiments, but their representations have hitherto been unavailing. Now, however, a mess allowance of thirty-two rupees per mensem has been granted, beginning from the 1st instant. Mountain Battery officers, it is true, are generally able in time of peace to join some station or regimental mess; but on service this is of course often impracticable, and in the late Afghan war the want was severely felt. It will now be possible to establish a mess in each Battery, for use when ever circumstances of isolation render it necessary.

DEPARTURE OF H. E. THE GOVERNOR.

HIS EXCELLENCY LORD REAY, Governor of Bombay, with Lady Reay, Captain Hamilton and Lieut. Herbert, Aides-de-Camp, took thei departure yesterday afternoon at 1-45 from the Byculla Railway station by the Down Raichore Mail for Poona *en route* to Mahableshwar. His Excellency was apparently in good health and spirits. Amongst those present at the platform to wish their Excellencies God-speed were Deputy Surgeon General Bruce, Mr. E. C. K. Ollivant, Municipal Commissioner, Mr. J. Monteath, Under-Secretary to Government, Col. W. H. Wilson Acting Commissioner of Police, Lieut.-Col. Portman, Superintendent, G. I. P. Railway Police Major Mayne, Captain Steel, and Lieut. Ropsing, A.-D.-C. to the Governor. The usual guard of honour and the attendance of heads of departments were dispensed with. The Hon. Sir William Wedderburn, Acting Chief Secretary to Government, also proceeded by the same train for Poona *en route* to Mahableshwar, and took his departure from the Bori Bunder Railway station.

A salute of seventeen guns was fired from the saluting battery announcing His Excellency's departure.

DEPARTURE H. M. TROOPSHIP MALABAR.

H. M. TROOPSHIP MALABAR, Captain A Pagett, sails to-day for England with 51 officers, 10 ladies, 19 children, 445 men, 51 women, and 138 children. The following is the list of the officers and their families:—Colonel and Mrs G F Worsley and child, Bo R A; Colonel and Mrs E A Berger and 4 children, Bl S Regt; Col and Mrs J Goldie and child, 6th Dr Guards; Colonel J D Dyson Saurie, Bl Borderers; Col and Mrs H C Patton, Cheshire Regt; Surg Maj W P Smith, Mad M S; Surg C J Weir, Bo M S; Surg J N Stock, Mad M S; Maj T Mackenzie Bl Retired List; Major and Mrs. H M Mackenzie and 2 children, Bl R A; Capt B Gardner, Rl Irish Fus; Surg R James, Bi I M D; Surg and Mrs A Hewett, Mad M S; Surg P H Fox, Byo M S; Surgn E O Milward, Bl M S; Capt H C Lamb, Bl S C; Capt R G Biddell, Bl 4th K R Rifles; Capt and Qr Mr D D Shaws, Bl 19th Lancers; Capt and Mrs R O Lloyd and 3 children, Mad R E; Capt T Mayne, Leicester Regt; Capt J W M Newton, B R A; Capt G P Kelsart, Mad R A; Capt T A Steele, Bl 17th Lancers; Capt D P Hammond, Bl Con Rangers; Capt E Sandys, Bl SC; Capt W W Lean, Bl SC; Surg Maj and Mrs T Anderson, Bo I Marine; Capt H R Abbott, Bl R E; Capt and Mrs C M Lester and child, Bl West York Regt; Lt and Mrs R C Andrews and child, Mad S C, Lieut H C Legh, 4th R R R Corps, Lieut F J Anderson, R E; Lieut and Mrs G C Shakespear, Bl SC; Lieut A Mathews, Bl R A; Lieut and Qr Mr Sturt, Ms Somerset; Lieut H Wright, Bl S C; Lieut J M Stopford, Bl R A; Lieut and Mrs F Richard, Con Rangers; Lieut G G Allgood, Bl 4 R R R Corps; Lieut J H Smith, Bl S C; Lieut J D Bishop, B Glos; Lieut G Ray, Bl Rl Warwick; Lieut G C Mansel, Bl Durham Lt Infy; Lieut F C Grand, Bl S C, Lieut M L Kerr, Bl S C; Lieut A Handley, Bl R A; M Woodward, Bl Liecester; J H Gwynne, Bl Welsh Fus; Qr Mr and Mrs J O Neill and 2 children, Bo R Lancaster; Eng C E Lambert, I Marine; C H B C Trevor, Bl W Yorks child of Capt H Suart, Bl R H A.

FLORILINE.—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearl whiteness, and a delicious fragrance to the breath. [illegible] your arising from [illegible] Fragrant Floriline [illegible] and [illegible] acts, in [illegible] toilet discovery [illegible] and Perfumers [illegible] and Chemists, 1½, Old Bond-street, London.

THE LATE REGENT OF KOLHAPORE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

KOLHAPORE, APRIL 1.

A LARGE and influential meeting of the inhabitants of Kolhapur took place in the Town Hall on Monday, March 29th, to adopt a letter of condolence to be addressed to the Maharajah, and through him to his brother, the young Chief of Kagal, his mother, Radhabhai Saheb, and the Ranees of Kolhapur. The meeting was attended by nearly all the ladies and gentlemen of the station. Mr. Lee-Warner, the Political Agent, who had kindly consented to preside, opened the proceedings with the following address:—

Ladies and Gentlemen,—The classic writer who warned his audience that the voice of calumny and unkind criticism should be hushed in discussing the lives of the dead struck a chord to which mankind have responded in every age and in every country. But the warning is not required in this hall, where we have met to deplore the gap that death has made in our ranks, and to lament the removal of one whose loss is a public and a private calamity. It is not for me to assess the value of the loss which the State of Kolhapur has sustained. I have always held that the poet Pindar was right when he sang that the safest witnesses were the days that were to come. We live in the midst of academic discussions and rude criticism, which too often assails the character of public men without knowledge or thought. At the best, we are too near events to bring them into proper focus, or to distinguish idle noise from sensible observation. This assemblage of friends of the deceased Regent has no jurisdiction in determining the place which history will assign to Aba Sahib as Regent of Kolhapur. That must be left to posterity, but this much I am bold enough to assert for myself, and for all of you, that none of us feel the slightest doubt as to the honorable verdict which history will pass on the public character of our friend. It is an incontrovertible fact that, placed as he was at the head of a novel form of administration, he directed it with such integrity and ability that the prophecies of those who predicted failure have been disappointed. We can all look forward with reasonable confidence to, if we may not anticipate, the verdict which posterity will pass on the late Regent of Kolhapur. It is, however, entirely without our province and rights to express an authoritative opinion on our departed friend as a private person, and as one of our intimate associates you will forgive me if I first look back upon his character from the stand-point of English society. My personal rule, in the gentleman's acquaintance with a nobleman of this country is limited to contact in public life or in large social gatherings. But it was not so with Aba Sahib. What struck me most on my arrival in Kolhapur was the pleasant experience that the English residents knew Aba Sahib and his family as they knew each other. We could judge of his character as a friend, and we shared his home life as he shared ours. I was often struck at his unaffectedness, his gallantry, and his gentlemanly bearing. I found him an agreeable companion, and an honorable friend, and I express no idle words when I say that we lost in him one who helped us to live not only on friendly terms, but whose home is in this land, but also to live with them in the exchange of those personal and social courtesies which draw men together with bonds of affection. Aba Sahib believed in the value of intercourse with his European neighbours, and he never declaimed at the gulf which separates the classes because he found it possible to bridge that gulf. He practised what he preached, and he has left amongst his mourners the whole European community, and this city. But the greater bulk of his mourners are the people of his own country, and as you have asked me to express your feelings on this occasion, I accept the task. The estimation of a man's character in the estimation of his character by those who know him best. If I was asked what the public thought of Aba Sahib's character, I would ask his family and his household whether he was a good father, a good husband, a good brother, or a good master. In his home life he thought ever of the good of others. He was free from conceit and self-seeking. He was liberal and enlightened. Those who served him served him with love, and those who owed him filial or brotherly affection could give it from their hearts. I was present in the sick chamber within a few minutes of his death, when he communicated to me his last wishes, and the record of those wishes contains the language I have used. He thought of the State he served, and hoped that your future ruler would obtain an English education to fit him for the high position he would be called to fill. He thought of his son who would succeed him at Kagal, and desired he would be educated in England. He thought of his personal friends, and he forgot none of those who had served him as private secretary, tutor, or karbari. Need I add that he made provision for the wants of his widow, the education of his children, and the comfort and happiness of those he left behind him? As he died so he lived, ever thoughtful of others. We are consequently met here to liquidate a debt of gratitude which we owe to one who applied his education and his natural gifts for the benefit of all, for the good of the State, for the drawing together of society, and for the healthy instruction of those who would succeed him. His title to our respect and affection is beyond dispute, and I am glad that the proposal to hold this meeting emanated from no suggestion of mine, but from a spontaneous and universal sentiment of all classes of people. I will not anticipate the propositions which will now be put to you, but I have endeavoured to show you what importance our departed friend attached to education, and you will be prepared to consider cordially a motion for connecting his memory with some educational object. I will only add that H. E. the Governor has telegraphed his heartfelt condolences to the family of the late Regent, and from many other parts of the Presidency and Political messages have been received for the untimely loss of one whose life and work has been recognised as a matter of public interest.

Mr. Wakharkar, in a short telling speech, said that while they thought with reverence on the memory of the departed, they must not forget that they had a sound duty to perform to the living. Their young Maharaja had lost his father, and he thought they would only be doing their duty by helping him to bear his grief and sense of loneliness by addressing a letter of condolence to him. He therefore proposed that such a letter be conveyed to His Highness on behalf of the meeting by the Divan.

Mr. V. B. Gokhale, in a suitable Marathi speech, seconded the proposition.

On the proposition of Mr. P. P. Modak, seconded by Dr. Apte, the draft letter of condolence was read in English and Marathi.

May it please your Highness,—We the people of Kolapore beg to approach your Highness with feelings of the most profound grief and sorrow, in order to express our deep sympathy for the sudden and unexpected death of your dearest father, Aba Sahib, the Chief of Kagal and the Regent of Kolhapur, which most melancholy event took place on the 4th March, 1886, and we pray to the Most Compassionate to console you and your family. We entertained the most sanguine hopes that your Highness would continue to enjoy for a very long time the protecting kindness and fatherly care of your father, whose suave temper, libe al views, and enlarged experience, while they raised him to a very prominent place in the public estimation, and made him a wise administrator, and most singularly fitted him for the important and delicate task of superintending and directing your education and training during your minority, but our expectations have all been most rudely shattered to pieces by the cruel fate which has snatched him away from among us in the prime of his life, and in the full vigour of a useful and benescent career; depriving you of a kind father, the people of Kolhapur of a sympathetic and noble ruler, and the whole community of Maharashtra of one of its most prominent and enlightened leaders.

Aba Sahib's untimely death is an irreparable national misfortune. We duly appreciate the terrible magnitude of the personal loss which your Highness has suffered by this melancholy event, and we beg humbly to assure your Highness that we the people of Kolhapur most deeply participate, with feelings of sincere and devoted loyalty, in your profound bereavement and sorrow.

We humbly wish to express through your Highness our deep condolence to your brother Bapu Sahib, the young Chief of Kajal, to Radhabai Saheb, the bereaved widow and to their Highnesses the Ranees of Kholapur, to all of whom the sad event has been a most grievous calamity. We hope that your return and sojourn here will prove a solace to them as far as possible, and procure for them some measure of relief from the overwhelming misfortune which has befallen them. But your own comfort and consolation is by far the greatest object of our concern and solicitude under the present calamity with which Providence has in its mysterious wisdom thought it proper to visit your tender age. We can only trust that you will find in the enlightened British rule so properly represented by Lord Reay in the Bombay Presidency, and by Mr. Lee-Warner in the Kolhapur State, who received from the lips of the revered Regent his last parting wishes and injunctions, a guiding angel that will with parental care and solicitude alleviate your present sorrow, make you the object of kindest regard, and surround you with influences at once elevating and sympathising, so that your manhood may shed lustre on the honoured memory of your father, and you may then fill the exalted position that you are destined to occupy, with glory to yourself and benefit to your people.

Mr. K. B. Gokhale proposed, and Mr. Agashe seconded, that a fund be raised by public subscription for the purpose of perpetuating the memory of the late Regent.

The Chief of Baroda then in a short speech in Marathi proposed that the fund so raised should be devoted to some educational purpose to be determined hereafter by the Fergusson Memorial Committee, and that the management of this fund be intrusted to the said committee with power to add to their number. This was seconded by Mr. G. B. Devar.

A vote of thanks was then proposed to Mr. Lee-Warner for so kindly acting as President, and this, with a few concluding remarks by the president, in which he wished the Memorial Committee to bear in mind two educational objects worthy of the cause they had in view, viz.—female education, and technical education—brought the meeting to a close.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child, suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to the taste, it produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for Dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Sold by the Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, 33, Farringdon-road, London.

THE SUIT FOR RESTITUTION OF CONJUGAL RIGHTS.

JUDGMENT OF THE APPEAL COURT.

SIR CHARLES SARGENT, Chief Justice, delivered yesterday the judgment of the Appeal Court, consisting of himself and Mr. Justice Bayley, in regard to the suit for restitution of conjugal rights brought by Dadajee Bhicajee against his wife, Rakmabai. The appeal, as is now well-known to the public, was against the decision of Mr. Justice Pinhey, who had passed a decree against the plaintiff with costs, saying that it would be a barbarous, cruel, and revolting thing to compel a lady to go to a man whom she disliked, in order that he might cohabit with her against her will. Mr. Macpherson, Mr. Vicaiee, and Mr. Mazkar, instructed by Messrs. Chalk and Walker, appeared for the appellant, Dadajee Bhicajee; and the Hon. Mr. Latham, Advocate-General, and the Hon. K. T. Telang, instructed by Messrs. Payne, Gilbert, and Sayani, represented the respondent.

The Chief Justice, in delivering the judgment of the court, said:—

This an appeal from the decision of Mr. Justice Pinhey rejecting the plaintiff's claim for a decree of "institution or restitution of conjugal rights," arising out of the following circumstances which are not in dispute between the parties:—The plaintiff, Dadajee Bhicajee, was married, according to an approved form, to the defendant, Rakumbai, about ten years ago, when he was 19 or 20, and she was of the age of 11 or 12 years. The defendant was the daughter of the late Janardhan Pandurang, whose widow was married to Dr. Sakharam Arjoon at the time of the marriage in question. After the marriage, the defendant continued to live with her mother, and Dr. Sakharam Arjoon until March, 1884, when the plaintiff, being desirous that she should come to live with him as his wife, sent his uncle and elder brother to fetch her, and on her refusal to accompany them, instituted the present suit. The defendant by her written statement alleged as the reason for her refusal to live with the plaintiff—1 The entire inability of the plaintiff to provide for the proper residence and maintenance of himself and his wife. 2. The state of plaintiff's health in consequence of asthma and other symptoms of consumption. 3. The character of the person under whose protection the plaintiff was and is living in the house in which he called on her to join him. After hearing the evidence for the plaintiff, the learned judge, in the Division Court, delivered judgment and passed a decree for the defendant with costs. The grounds of the decision are thus stated by the learned judge. He says:—"It seems to me that it would be a barbarous, a cruel, a revolting thing to do to compel a young lady under the circumstances to go to a man whom she dislikes in order that he may cohabit with her against her will; and I am of opinion that neither the law nor the practice of our court either justifies my making such an order or even justifies the plaintiff in maintaining the present suit." Whilst admitting that suits for restitution of conjugal rights had been maintained in the courts of this country, the learned judge was of opinion that there was no authority for a suit to compel a woman who has gone through the religious ceremony of marriage with a man, to allow that man to consummate the marriage against her will; and that being so, that he was not bound to carry the practice further than he found it supported by the English authorities. The immediate question, therefore, which presents itself for our determination, is whether a suit for institution or restitution of conjugal rights will be under the circumstances alleged in the plaint. It was not attempted to be denied that, since the expression of opinion by the Privy Council in Arunasseer Cursetjee *v.s.* Peerozebai, 6 Moore, Ind. App. 390, the Civil Courts of this country "should afford remedies for the evils incidental to married life." Suits for restitution of conjugal rights have frequently been entertained by the Civil Courts in the case of natives, whether Hindoos of Mahomedans. The cases of Moonshee Bwaloori Shurmookoonissa, 11 Moore I. A. 610, as regards Mahomedans and those of Galna Ammal *vs.* Mohila Kachur 14 Ben. L. R. Katceram Dokamee Massomut, 23 W. R. 175, Jogendronundinee *vs.* Hurry Doss Ghose, 5 Cal. T. and R. 500, Yamanabai *vs.* Narayan Moreshwarl Bom. (L and R) 104, as regards F. J. 75 p. 247, P. J. 76 p 129, Hindoos can have no doubt that the jurisdiction is well established, and we, therefore, entirely agree with the remarks of Justice Melvill in the last case that "so long as that jurisdiction is not passed by legislation our courts have no discretion in the matter." We could not, therefore, with propriety entertain any objection which goes to the root of the jurisdiction such as that urged by Mr Telang, viz., that the Hindoo Law Books do not recognise a compulsory discharge of marital duties, but treat them as duties of imperfect obligations to be enforced by religious sanction. We may, however, remark that although no text may be found in the Hindoo Law Books which provides for the king ordering a husband or wife to return, no text was cited forbidding or deprecating compulsion, and that it was admitted that the duties appertaining to the relationship of husband and wife have always been the subject of caste discipline, and therefore with the establishment of a systematic administration of justice the Civil Courts would properly and almost necessarily assume to themselves the jurisdiction over conjugal rights as determined by Hindu Law and enforce them according to their own modes of procedure. But it was contended that a decree for restitution of conjugal rights implies that the marriage has been consummated, and also that there is no authority for a decree for "institution" of conjugal rights. This distinction, however, appears to be based on a misapprehension of the principles on which the Ecclesiastical Courts in England exercised this jurisdiction. In Weldon *vs.* Weldon, 9, L. R., Probate Division, Sir J. Hannen says:—"the principle derived from the law on which the Ecclesiastical Court proceeded was, that it is the duty of married persons to live together, and that this duty should be enforced by the decree of the Court, unless it be shown that the complaining party has been guilty of some matrimonial offence, or been a judgment authorising living apart might have been obtained by the other." In support of this proposition the learned judge cites the words of Blackstone:—"The suit for restitution of conjugal rights is brought whenever either husband or the wife is guilty of the injury of subtraction or lives separate from the other without any sufficient reason, in which case they will be compelled to come together again." It thus appears that the gist of the action for restitution of conjugal rights is that married persons are bound to live together and that one or other has withdrawn himself or herself without lawful case, as it was not contended that consummation was necessary by Hindoo law any more than it is by English law to complete the marriage. It necessarily follows that, whether the withdrawal or "subtraction," as Blackstone terms it, be before or after consummation there has been a violation of conjugal duty which entitles the injured party to the relief prayed. Owing to the practice of infant marriage in this country, it is admittedly the custom for the infant wife after the celebration of the marriage to return to her own house until she arrives at puberty, and it may be, (although having regard to the remarks of Mr. Justice Mitter and Mr. Justice Markby in Kateeram Dokamee Mussomut, 23 W. R., 175, it cannot be considered free from doubt) that in view of this above custom the Court would not order the wife to join her husband until she was of mature age. In the present case, however, the defendant is long past the age of puberty It was urged, however, that although there might be no technical objection in the present case to a suit for "institution or restitution" of conjugal rights still suits of this nature had become a discredit, and that to comp

schools connected with the Union in London. Should it, however, turn out that I am wrong in this belief, and that our society has no right of interference with the internal affairs of the connected schools, the right of remonstrance, and, if necessary, the penalty of expulsion, are both within our power, and, if the name of the Sunday-school in question is given to the Committee, I promise that no time shall be lost in making the necessary inquiries. Meantime, I content myself with indignantly repudiating the slanderous insinuation that such practices as "kissing games," "swinging costume," and the singing of "idiotic songs," are sanctioned, in Sunday-schools, the sole object of which is the promotion of the knowledge, love, and practice of religion among the children of our country."

A "Sunday School Teacher" demands that the name of the writer of the article in the *Christian Million* should be published. He says:—

The doings therein set forth are so astounding, so utterly at variance to the treats and entertainments given by Sunday Schools with which, for some years, I have been connected, I think in simple justice to thousands of teachers, whose one aim is to bring their scholars to a saving knowledge of God's truth, and to elevate them in every way, that the name of the school in which these "Kissing Games" were witnessed should be published.

Mr. Samuel Neale, Superintendent of the Stockwell-road Congregational Sunday School, makes a similar demand, and protests against the offending article as "a gross slander on Sunday-schools and Sunday-school teachers." "A. C. B."; who describes himself as another Sunday-school teacher, writes:—

For my part, I consider the attractiveness of religion at the present day in its chief feature and the real cause of its beneficial influence, and I, for one, should be sorry to see innocent recreations, such as those now discussed, put an end to.

Mr. D. Davis, G. Prospect-road, Child's Hill, who has been connected with Sunday-schools for a period of forty-six years, and has seen the working and in some instances joined the youngsters in their amusements, declares that he has never witnessed any impropriety approaching those described. He adds:—

I think the author of the article you quote should in all fairness give the name of the place, the school and the denomination where such things were enacted. We live in a time where religious bodies are called upon not only to live the gospel, but also vigorously to meet the calumnies that its enemies for the want of better weapons are continually hurling at them.

"H. G.," 23 Medhurst-road, Grove-road Bow, E., corroborates the statements made in the *Christian Million*. He says:—

I can testify to the truth of the whole of the statements made. I have seen these games practised at (the names are given by the writer) Sunday-schools soirées. At the latter schools, at the soirées of the senior scholars, I have seen the youths and girls arrange themselves into different couples, then an order is given from the "fugleman," "to prepare," "present arms," "fire a volley," at which the couples kiss until a fresh order is given "to select other partners."

Mr. John Samuel Gilbertson, 19, Glenarm-road Clapton, writes to a similar effect:—

I am myself a Sunday-school teacher at the Methodist Church, the Oval, Hackney-road, and can, unfortunately, vouch for the accuracy of the statements which you describe, as I have witnessed what are, in my opinion, most disgraceful and indelicate proceedings between the younger teachers and elder scholars of both sexes.

Mr. C. H. Childs, assistant secretary of the school referred to by Mr. 'Gilbertson,' says that there is no teacher bearing that name connected with the school, and denies that any disgraceful or indelicate proceedings take place at the annual treats to the children.

"Band of Hope" also testifies to the truth of the statements made in the religious paper:—

In many congregations are these kissing games allowed, nay, encouraged amongst the young men and women with, I believe, most pernicious consequences. I have before me at this moment a programme of a soiree at which for nearly two hours continual kissing prevailed, the duration between each kiss probably being about two minutes. Remonstrances have no effect, be they public or private, the authorities either laughing it off with "Does love engender kissing, or kissing engender love?" or else replying to the effect "Honi soit qui maly pense."

"An Old Sunday School Teacher" affects to be surprised that Mr. Samuel Neale the pith of whose letter is given above, should plead ignorance by the extent to which "kissing games" are in vogue at Sunday school treats and kindred occasions. He says:—

A short time ago I was invited to give an address at a meeting in connection with a certain Sunday School. When I got there I found the teachers and scholars excitedly engaged in a "kissing game." The gentleman who had invited me, came to me, saying, "You see, we are having a little social enjoyment?" "Yes, I see," I replied. "Come and join in," he added. "No, thank you; that's nothing in my line," I said. I waited some time, witnessing the "Old Jolly Miller," "Kiss in the Ring," &c., expecting that these would soon give place to something better. But I was mistaken, for they continued, monopolising the whole evening, to the exclusion of addresses, solos, and recitations. On another occasion, at a Sunday school of which I was then superindent I had to leave our own meeting for a short time to give an address at another meeting. When I returned I found our own meeting in full swing at "kissing games." Being much opposed to these things, I felt it my duty to exercise what authority I possessed and therefore put a stop to them at once. But the consequence was that we lost a considerable number of teachers and scholars, who said in leaving, "If we cannot have 'social games' at this school we can have them at another." I remember that many years ago at one of our Sunday school tea meetings we had a new minister presiding. It was proposed that part of the evening should be spent in social games. The minister, not knowing what these consisted of did not object to them. It would seem as if the new minister had lived in districts similar to those in which your correspondent, Mr. Samuel Neale must have lived. I thank God that there are such districts. But when the minister saw the "kissing games" commence he was shocked and in a burst of indignation put a stop to them. But the teachers and scholars never forgave him for it; and they never rested until they had driven him from that place which they succeeded in doing in a comparatively short space of time. And thus the poor minister lost his pastorate for attacking one of their cherished institutions.

Mr. John Kirk, Ragged School Union, Exeter Hall, "enters an earnest protest against the libellous charge of the kissing games," so far as it affects the teachers of London Ragged Schools:—

For twenty years I have been in and out amongst them and particularly on festive occasions, and I can truthfully say that I never saw anything approximating to the indiscreet practices referred to so sweepingly by the anonymous writer in the *Christian Million*.—

"Conrad," who dates his letter from Spalding, Lincolnshire, gives his experiences of kissing games at fetes in connection with Good Templar Lodges, &c:—

Some Sunday-school teachers, doubtless promoted by deep love of their work, in seeking to defend Sunday-schools and temperance societies, have permitted their ardour to gain ascendency over their good judgement, and knowing that these schools are conducted with perfect propriety, have precipitately concluded that all others are governed with the same judicious rigour. My experience is that scarcely ever is a *fete* in connection with Good Templar lodges or Sunday-schools held at which kissing games are not indulged in a *outrance* and with an avidity which to a mind sober and solicitous for the welfare of young people is appalling. School fetes in Lincolnshire are held in the open air, and long-established custom has placed the games of the "army," "bats and beans," "jig" and other games in which osculation is the only source of amusement. These games are maintained uninterruptedly for as much as four or five hours. Young girls are encouraged to throw off all that modesty which has ever been deemed the principle grace of girlhood. Of Good Templar and temperance gatherings still more might be said. Married men and young unmarried women mingle in the games in question with zet. I have often, to my intense disgust, been the witness of a married man kissing and embracing all the young girls on the separation of the company. I remember one occasion in particular when a married man kissed every one of a company of about sixty young damsels on their leaving a temperance gathering. This man affected to be a leader of the temperance society under whose auspices the gathering was held, and claimed to have done much towards advancing the temperance cause. Parents will do well, before permitting their daughters to enter any Sunday-school, to ascertain definitely whether or not these kissing games are there practised. I know this in this district (Spalding), the custom is painfully prevalent and can attest from observation that it is fatal to those womanly qualities with which every right-minded individual loves to see girlhood graced.

"One Who Works Hard for the Cause" says:—

I have during the last nineteen years been at many meetings where, for more than two hours, they have been the staple amusement of the evening, those played being "postman," "measure six or more yards of love ribbon," and a game in which the entire company promenade round the room in a circle, each gentleman kissing all the ladies in succession. I must say that what I have personally witnessed has been done with decorum and good temper. My own opinion has always been that it is an excellent thing to let the "young people" meet now and then together for a dance or social gathering by the sexes thus mingling both acquire habits of refinement, self-respect, and forbearance. But there has unfortunately recently in too many Christian churches been tendency to mix up Gospel teaching, temperance, concerts, bazaar, comic lectures, &c., all in a jumble, instead of each being kept in its proper place.

"T. W. B." while admitting that such innocent games as "kiss in-the-ring" and the "army," of "head of the army," as it was formerly known, as the Volunteers say in it now, more generally named are frequently indulged in, denies that he has ever witnessed the cancan or any other indecent exhibition at Sunday School fetes.

"W. E. G." who writes from Victoria Park-road, Hackney, indignantly protest against the assertions in the *Christian Million*. He asks:—

What are we all coming to if we cannot indulge now and then in harmless enjoyable games? Were it not for such amusements as "the army and "kiss in the ring," young people like myself would no and much enjoyment at soirees. A game that considered within the bounds of propriety in the drawing-room surely does not change its character when played in a school-room? Once attended a school soiree where no games were allowed; the consequence being that the majority went home dissatisfied with the whole affair. A few games would have enlivened the evening. What would Christmas and birthday-parties be worth if "kissing" were not allowed? Is it not the duty of Christians to promote Christian fellowship and kindly feeling one towards another? There is nothing under the sun that will bring about and promote a general feeling of friendship, love, and happiness among the scholars of a Sunday-school so much as these games, which some misguided persons deem wicked and disgraceful. I shall be sorry indeed to see the day when such games are done away with. What is wanted, prim, and old-maidish maidens the girls will degenerate into."

MR. A. GRAHAM, of Highgate, as a dweler in the neighbourhood of distinguished resorts for Sundays school festivities, states that his observation of such meetings have shown him that "kiss in the ring," with the accompanying charms of hugging the captured fair, is never absent from these outings.

"Excelsior" states his experience in these words:—

Many Sunday-school friends of mine, together with myself, are truly amazed at the professed ignorance of superintendents and presidents as to "kissing games" being practised in connection with Sunday schools. My fifteen years' experience of East London Sunday-schools, Bands of Hope, and juvenile Templar lodges has led me to believe that were these games not practised many of these societies would hardly exist. Some friends of mine and myself were expelled from a Sunday school and Band of Hope for opposing a superintendent who advocated kissing all round after any religious or social gathering.

"T. C. C." believes that an evil exists and one that is growing. He adds:—

The ventilation of the subject will do good if it only calls attention to the miserable article too often to be found among Sunday school teachers—boys and girls half educated, and vain in their ignorance as they are of tawdry finery, assuming to teach children, while they should be receiving instruction in the first principles of the Christian virtues themselves.

The editor of the *Christian Million* has written stating that he can substantiate the accusations that have been made.

A COURT CHAPLAIN'S REMINISCENCES.

AN interesting book, entitled "Reminiscences of the Court and Times of King Ernest of Hanover," by the Reverend C. Ailix Wilkinson, his Majesty's domestic chaplain, has just been published by Messrs. Hurst and Blackett. The two volumes in which these reminiscences of a septuagenarian are comprised abound in characteristic stories of the old King, in anecdotes of many celebrities, English and foreign, of the early part of this century; and, indeed, of all kinds and conditions of men and women with whom the author was brought into contact by his courtly or pastoral office. Here is an incident which happened to theauthor's wife on her presentation to William IV:—

She was a very pretty girl, though I say it, and had been asked by the noble editor to have her portrait taken for the "Book of Beauty." She was duly presented at the Drawing-Room by her mother, and was handed off by her grandfather, General Sir Thomas Dallas, a great friend of William IV. "Hallo!" said his Majesty, "Who's that, Dallas?" "That's my granddaughter, sir." "Here, here, come back, my dear!" said the King—"I must have another kiss. It's only you and I, Dallas, who have such granddaughters;" and the blunt old sailor gave her no mere salute of ceremonybut a real good smack.

On his arrival in Hanover Mr. Wilkinson met General Halkett, who took prisoner at Waterloo Cambronne, the commander of the Old Guard. Here is the story of the incident:—

The common story was that Cambronne, surrounded by the English cavalry and summoned to surrender, answered, "La Garde meurt mais ne se rend pas." The old General, to use his own language, said that was "d——d humbug!" The fact, as I remember the story, was this. It is well known that, at the end of the day, our Guards, with whom were brigaded some of the German legion, were lying down, half-concealed, only a few hundred yards from the French, before the last charge, when the Duke of Wellington, or, as some now affirm, Lord Seaton (then Sir John Colborne), said, "Up, Guards, and at them." Cambronne was some way in front of his troops, reconnoitring on foot. Halkett determined to make a dash at him. He set spurs to his famous English hunter and made believe that he was run away with. One of our officers (I forget his name) had really been run away with, a short time before, right into the French cavalry lines, and had been taken prisoner. No doubt the enemy thought Halkett was run away with, for nobody shot at him. They thought they would have him safely without powder. The ruse succeeded. Halkett came up with Cambronne close to the French lines, seized him by the aiguillette, turned that side to the French, so that they dare not shoot for fear of hitting their General; and so he brought his foe, at a round gallop—the grand general, who had the credit of saying, "La Garde meurt mais ne se rend pas"—puffing, and blowing, and shaking, as Halkett said, "with abject funk," back to his own lines, and delivered him to the provost-marshal.

King Ernest was very abstemious, and usually had the best of health; but if on occasion his doctors prescribed medicine, "Put it in the cupboard" was the order when the physic came. Once his Majesty was really ill for several weeks:—

As any bottle or powder was brought his Majesty said, "Put it in the cupboard;" and again and again it was, "Put it in the cupboard." Not one drop was touched. Starving and patience were the only remedies resorted to. At last his Majesty got his good turn, and began to feel he could eat again with a relish; and by degrees nature flung off the disorder, whatever it was, which had run its course. His Majesty was up and dressed early, and at business. "Get all those bottles, powders, and pill-boxes out of the cupboards," he said, "and range them in a row round the room." It was a very small room, and they almost made a circle round the walls. The doctors came in smirking and smiling, and congratulated the King upon being up again, and looking so well. "Yes, doctors," said his Majesty, "thank God it is so. But look there—count it up; don't you think, if I had drunk all that d——d stuff I should have been dead long ago?"

Among others whose acquaintance we make in these interesting volumes is Mdlle. Lehzen (afterwards raised to the dignity of a baroness by the King of Prussia), Queen Victoria's governess:—

Her great delight was to receive visits—unfortunately, she told me, "few and far between—from English travellers; and then she knew she had willing listeners when she went off at score, heart and soul, upon the subject of her royal pupil, of whom of course she had many interesting anecdotes to tell of the bright promise of her early years, which deepened afterwards into the model woman, model wife, model mother, and model Queen. One point spoke for itself of her Majesty's kindness of heart that, for some time after she was married, after she was a young mother, and with all the pressure of State as such domestic affairs, she always found time to write to her old governess every week; and it was only at the Baroness's own special request that her Majesty afterwards reduced the correspondence to once a month, which was regularly continued up to the time when I saw the old lady, and I believe up to her death, which happened many years afterwards.

We are afforded several glimpses of Jenny Lind and her never-flagging exertions on behalf of the poor and suffering. The author was presented to the great singer by the Crown Prince of Hanover, and she became quite intimate with his family. Though full of her scheme for founding a school for the poor of Stockholm she did not forget the poor of Hanover, for whom she gave several concerts.

She was engaged to sing at the theatre of the reigning Duke of Brunswick, and had promised to give a concert for the sick and needy of that place; but she had caught a bad cold, and was obliged to send a special messenger to countermand the notice that had been issued. The excitement had been great; persons had come from every parts of the duchy; every place had been taken at double rates. The director would not brave the disappointment without satisfying himself that the inability to sing was really true, and not merely a caprice of the moment; upon a slight ailment; and so in an illustrated interview, became over to Hanover with his lawyer, who had made the contract; and his doctor, whom he vainly thought Jenny Lind would condescend to attend to a consultation as to her actual state of health. Jenny Lind, the meek, the lowly, the blasé, the kind, the gentle, the charitable, was not to be thus insulted. Her spirit of indignation was at last roused, and the director might come in an express train, neither lawyer nor doctor should ever cross her threshold. With the stiffest bow she ever made dismissed what she director presented as the last word in the contract being "broken," when in the answer given was six hundred thalers. Then sitting down herself or offering him a chair, she wrote a cheque for the sum stated, and accompanied it to the door, saying "she would not disappoint the public at Brunswick—she would come over and sing to them in the largest room she could hire; but she would not be cut in his theatre." And she did go as soon as she was able, and she did sing to them in the largest room she could hire, and she did enchant them, as she did everyone else, not only by her exquisite song but by a little impromptu trait which touched every heart, and carried enthusiasm to its highest pitch. All who remember her in the height of her fame will remember that she created *grand furore* by a piece to which she had an accompaniment of two flutes. She had had both, these professionals over to Hanover to practise their parts, and she was more than satisfied with their proficiency; but on the morning of the intended performance she found the second flutist was laid up and utterly unable to play. "Was there no one else capable of taking the part?" "Well there was a boy, very talented, a very rising young flutist; but he was only a boy." He was sent for, and he *was* but a boy, and very small of his age; but he blew his first notes as a real artist, and Jenny Lind immediately saw she had an efficient substitute. Her charming kindness gave him every encouragement; his heart and soul was in his music. Jenny Lind was delighted with the rehearsal, and, when the day came, the boy played like an old hero. The enthusiasm was great; the hall was unanimous; and the sweet singer came forward, not alone, to take the ovation to herself; but she led forth the little boy, put him forward, patted him on the head, and turned upon him the honour of the triumph, and afterwards gave him twenty Louis d'or from the proceeds of the concert.

A good story is told of the King and a personal servant, who, by reason of his training as dentist and barber, had made himself indispensable to his Majesty:—

He was most useful—in fact, in his way, indispensable; and he knew it and took advantage of it. If the King was irritable, he was irritable also, and always had an answer ready, and sometimes not a very respectful one. For what seemed impertinence, he had been dismissed two or three times in no measured terms from the royal service; but he had no idea of going. He knew he had a good place, and that his Majesty could not do without him. So, in spite of the evening's altercation, he always appeared at his Majesty's dressing-table the next morning at the usual time, and pursued the regular work as if nothing extraordinary had taken place—neither he nor his royal master made any reference to the past. It was quite understood between them that "bygones should be bygones." I think he had been seventeen years with the King when something displeased his Majesty, who seemed that morning to have got out of bed the wrong way. "What the devil are you doing there?" said the King. "You're a fool, K——; you're a damned fool!" "Yes, your Majesty, answered K——, sharply, "I am a fool—I know I am a fool, and a d——d fool; and if I hadn't been a fool, and a d——d fool, I never should have been so long with your Majesty." They both had their say, and his Majesty was beaten for once. No warning was given; the dressing was concluded in silence, and the little Bohemian appeared as usual the next morning.

At one of the Court balls the author trod upon a brilliant brooch, which he was instrumental in restoring uninjured to its owner.

At another ball I saw a large garter on the floor and was just going to pick it up when one of the aides-de-camp stepped before me, and immediately took it off to the King. It was light-blue watered silk, and of immense size. It was evidently made out of an old ribbon of a Guelphen-Order Grand Cross. The King immediately spotted one tall, stout lady, the wife of a grandee, decorated with that order, who, according to common report, was not very particular in her conduct, and there *was* not much of the "Honi soit qui maly pense" in the King's banter upon the size, and make, and quality, and the loss and recovery of such a useful, and, he should have thought, necessary part of her costume.

Mr. Wilkinson once arranged for a children's garden-party, which the King and members of the royal household arrived to witness. A sudden storm, however, upset the arrangement, and the children had to amuse themselves at improvised games indoors. Here is a picture of the King as he appeared among them:—

I was astonished to see the old King himself whom I had left taking his coffee in the drawing room, suddenly appear, having come through our bedrooms into the great music-room, and take up his position where the principal fun was going on, which his Majesty seemed thoroughly to enjoy. Indeed, to see him thus was to see him in his glory; for he was doatingly fond of children. It was indeed charming to watch the stern old man, as so many thougut him, stretching out his arms to catch some little one as they rushed past him, and, in their utter absence of fear or thought of whose presence they were in, actually clung round his Majesty's leg (as I saw one) to make the turning-point of the race a few of them were running. One of four years old (it happened to be my own little daughter) the King ensnapped, and raised up and kissed her; and his Majesty was, I hope, too blind to see what a face she made, and how she wiped her cheek, which had been tickled by the long white moustache.

A merry and light-hearted girl at the Court had brought remark upon herself by her imprudent early morning meetings with an elderly Count of questionable character. The young lady belonged to a Protestant convent, the abbess of which, crediting the stories which had reached her, wrote her a letter of severe reproof, and forbade her ever to come to the convent again. Explanations were forthcoming to show that the censures were undeserved; but the abbess was obdurate, and the aid of the King was invoked through the chaplain, who thus describes what followed:—

His Majesty heard me very patiently, and entered into the subject very kindly. He then sent for his private secretary, and dictated a letter to the lady abbess, and ordered one of his body-guard (a gigantic ruins "the small, sturdy Cymric lad" had roamed. Thirty-eight years ago, "John Bach" was carried on his back by a relative in whose care he had been left from Denbigh Castle to St. Asaph's workhouse, and "Morien" treats the transference of Stanley to the workhouse as a dispensation of Providence, for "otherwise he would have remained uneducated and would have been to-day very differently circumstanced to what he is." Morien, who was carried "John Bach," to the workhouse said of him, "He was a very sharp child and we missed him at home oncommon." He escaped from the workhouse and another relative (who says he was then a nice-looking boy, but stern in manner) took him for a day and ultimately, in consequence of reports from an old schoolmaster as to "the extraordinary talents of Betsy's little son," he was removed from the workhouse and placed upon a farm as a shepherd. Stanley's alleged failure to matriculate clearly reconciles his relative when he first won fame, is now excused by his people on the score of the loyalty which was due from him to the *New York Herald*, which had spent £12,000 on what it desired to be regarded as an American expedition.

TITLED OFFICERS IN THE FRENCH ARMY.

IT is well for officers of the French army that they have recently been permitted to appear in mufti when off duty; and many of them must now regard that grace as a solatium in advance. A very large proportion of French officers, as we indicated recently, bear titles, some by right, but most, it is said, by their own good-will. The odd sight is even observed of the sons of generals, themselves untitled, calling themselves viscounts and barons. Under the Republic no one is supposed to have the right to nobiliary distinctions; and General of Division Logerot, has at length grown so disgusted at having a crowd of nobles under his command, that he has given notice that henceforth no officer over whom he has control will be allowed to inscribe any "nobiliary prefix" upon the books of his regiment or to use it in his correspondence. An exception is made in favour of general officers; but even they will have to prove their right to the title they claim. As a matter of fact there are far more titled personages in France now than there were under the Empire, and the number is increasing very rapidly. The sons of a veritable count will each assume, without the least right, an inferior title; thus, the eldest will adopt his father's designation, with the addition of Vicomte, the second will call himself viscount, the third baron, while still younger sons will likewise become barons, but will distinguish themselves by the use of their baptismal name. Thus one real count will have half a dozen sons all noble; for more titles are obtained by assumption than by purchase.

NEW POEM BY WALT WHITMAN.

THE following is a new poem by Walt Whitman, the American poet, on the death of Abraham Lincoln:—

O Captain! my Captain! our fearful trip is done;
The ship has weathered every rack, the prize we sought is won;
The port is near, the bells I hear, the people all exulting,
While follow eyes the steady keel, the vessel grim and daring.

But, O heart! heart! heart!
O the bleeding drops of red,
Where on the deck my Captain lies,
Fallen cold and dead.

O Captain! my Captain! rise up and hear the bells;
Rise up—for you the flag is flung—for you the bugle trill;
For you, bouquets and ribbon'd wreaths—for you the shores a-crowding;
For you they call, the swaying mass, their eager faces turning.

Here, Captain! dear father!
This arm beneath your head!
It is some dream that on the deck
You've fallen cold and dead.

My Captain does not answer, his lips are pale and still;
My father does not feel my arm, he has no pulse nor will;
The ship is anchored safe and sound, its voyage closed
From fearful trip the victor ship comes in with object won.

Exult, O shores, and ring, O bells!
But I with mournful tread
Walk the deck—my Captain lies
Fallen cold and dead.

ON THE USE OF TAR.

HITHERTO Tar has been administered in various forms, but drawbacks have existed, the principal being a repugnant flavour, and the great difficulty in accurately proportioning doses.

MR. E. GUYOT, a chemist, has rendered signal service by producing a concentrated solution of tar called "GUYOT'S TAR SOLUTION," which renders the use of this justly valued medicament extremely simple.

GUYOT'S TAR SOLUTION is undubitably the best remedy for colds, bronchitis, and consumption.

When using it internally for colds, throat affections, and diseases of the skin and bladder, put a table-spoonful to a tumbler of water as a dose.

Applied externally, GUYOT'S TAR SOLUTION is used, as a wash, in cases of skin and scalp diseases, Prickly-Heat, and for Eczema.

Note:—Habitual use of GUYOT'S TAR SOLUTION as a beverage is invaluable to consumptive persons, and to all who are weak and exhausted by fever, heat, and disease. In warm countries it is an excellent fortifying drink, especially recommended for its preservative power in cases of fever.

Agents in Bombay: Messrs. Kemp & Co., Treacher & Co., Thomson & Taylor, Cooper Madon Co.

THE PROGRESS OF BI-METALLISM.

THE silver question is undoubtedly making progress, and is daily coming more and more to the front. How little did our gold-worshipping contemporaries dream when, a year ago, they turned aside from it, with a contempt begotten of prejudice, and hoped to burke it by a silence suggested by ignorance, that the subject of bimetallism would be now forced upon them by their foreign correspondents, and that, as distributors of news, scarcely a day would pass without their finding it necessary to make some reference to it in their columns! Now that Lord Randolph Churchill has so unmistakably shown, by his address at Manchester last week, that he has joined the silver party, we may be sure that the question of the double standard will not be allowed to rest in this country, but that it will in due time receive that impartial and investigating attention at the hands of Parliament to which it is fairly entitled. Nothing could have been more happy or appropriate than Lord Randolph's remarks at Manchester on the silver question; they show conclusively that we spoke by the card when we assured our readers, some time ago, that he had been an ardent student of this as of all other subjects which seriously affected the welfare of India. The following quotation puts the whole currency difficulty in India, as it were, in a nutshell: "There is in Indian finance a most mysterious and unaccountable feature, and one which few people are at all able to understand or give any explanation of, and that is the continued fall in the value of silver. The continued fall in the price of the rupee is undoubtedly a source of extreme anxiety to Indian Governors, and it will be for you in Lancashire to consider—great as your trade is in India, enormous as your exports are, invaluable to you as that possession is—whether some policy in the nature of fixing permanently the relative value of silver and gold may not possibly bring security to Indian finances, and be a real remedy for our decaying trade and commerce." We cordially welcome the return to Parliament of Mr. Samuel Smith, an enlightened and enthusiastic bi-metallist, who is at the present moment in India studying on the spot this very problem of currency.

In the United States and in Germany the silver and gold parties are fighting most fiercely the battle of the standards. At home the preliminary skirmishes are of daily occurrence in Congress, and throughout the whole States there is at present no topic so all-absording as silver. Mr. Secretary Manning has lately laid before Congress a long and somewhat rickety statement—of which, of course, a most distorted summary is telegraphed by the *Daily News* New York correspondent—of a very wavering nature, and showing between the lines that he possesses not the courage of his opinions. We are heartily sorry for Mr. Manning. It is clear that he is convinced of the shallowness and speciousness of the arguments of the gold party; but, being Mr. Cleveland's secretary, he is compelled to bolster up, as best he can for Mr. Cleveland, he has proved himself to be not only obstinate but dense. He has assailed the front of his own almost unanimous party, and has been worsted. His power is gone; he is politically dead, and if he goes on he will assuredly be politically buried. Scarcely less fiercely than in the United States rages the currency battle in Germany. The resolution of the Reichstag in favour of bi-metallism has this year, however, been handed to the Federal Council for consideration and study, and has not, as in former years, been rejected *in plenâ*. Moreover, Prince Bismarck stated at the Parliamentary dinner that he only wished to be convinced that bi-metallism would raise the price of agricultural produce before considering the question of its introduction. As if any one could feel any real doubt on the subject!—*World*.

AN EXCITING INCIDENT AT SEA.

THE *Sydney Mail* writes:—Captain William Thomas, of the iron barque West Riding, which has arrived from Bristol, gives the following report of an extraordinary incident that occurred during the voyage. On November 27, at 4 a.m., saw the island of Tristan d'Acunha, S.E. by S. true, there being at the time strong squalls, with a heavy sea, though the weather was clear. The settlement on the island bore S.W., and signal rockets, and a fire was observed on shore in the vicinity. Soon afterwards a sailing boat was sighted steering for the vessel, being then distant about six miles from the settlement. Captain Thomas immediately took in sail, and had his ship brought to the wind on the port tack. At 7-40 a.m., when the boat was on the barque's port quarter, distant a mile and a half, its sailing mast suddenly disappeared. The boat was afterwards seen, apparently making towards the vessel with paddles. Thinking some accident had happened Captain Thomas made sail, and stood towards the supposed spot where the boat was first seen; but although the ship cruised in the vicinity for two hours, with the captain and mate in the mizzen-top with telescopes, she failed to discover any vestige of it or its occupants. As the wind was from S.W., and the vessel was rolling dreadfully broadside on to the sea, having a heavy cargo on board, and there being a north-easterly swell and heavy sea, it was found impossible to communicate with the island, Captain Thomas not deeming it prudent to launch a boat. At 10 a.m., believing that nothing more could be done to assist any one, Captain Thomas kept the vessel away on her course. Seeing that the inhabitants were so eager to communicate, during the prevalence of strong winds and a heavy sea, in a small boat with a vessel nine or ten miles direct to leeward of the settlement, it is conjectured that some shipwrecked people have probably got ashore on the island.

REMINISCENCES OF MR. STANLEY.

IN the *Cardiff Mail*, "Morien" is at present writing a series of articles in which he strings together "Recollections of Mr. H. M. Stanley" he gathered during a recent sojourn in the neighbourhood of Denbigh Castle, among which the gigantic

ENGLISH OPIUM-EATERS.

THE consumption of opium by miners' wives in the north of England is "enormous." This is startling intelligence; but the medical officer of the Spennymoor Local Board stakes his professional reputation on its being a fact. In his yearly report, just issued, Dr. O'Hanlon says:—"Few people are aware of the enormous consumption of opium by miners' wives. They are left alone either a great part of the day or night, and one teaches another the habit." The drug is taken diluted in proof spirit, and "the necessary ingredients may be purchased of the chemists practically without let or hindrance." For some years Dr. O'Hanlon has been maintaining that opium-eating in the mining districts has become a grave scandal, and the medical officers to the Local Government Board, Drs. Parsons and Page, have admitted that his statements were well-founded. Nothing, however, has been done, and the evil continues to flourish, though female opium-eaters are "practically put sonfog their offspring as their milk involves the drug."

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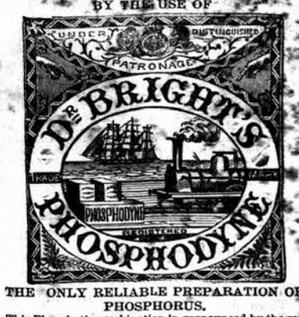

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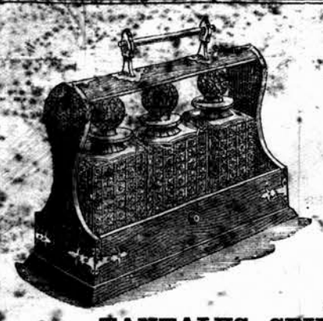

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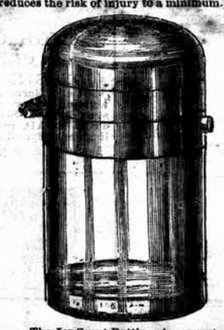

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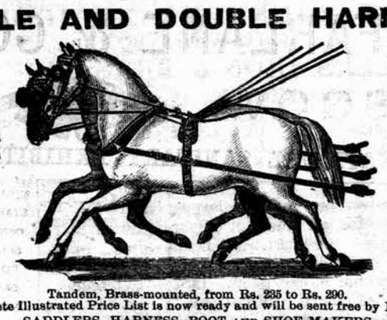

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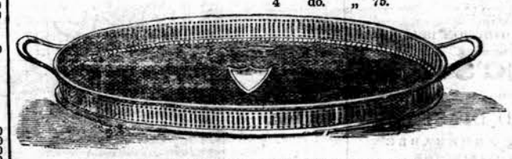

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